

Begin 'advises' Mitterrand not to rebuild Iraqi plant

PARIS, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin, in a television interview broadcast today, urged France not to rebuild the Iraqi nuclear reactor destroyed last June in a raid by Israeli aircraft. "May I call on President (Francois) Mitterrand: leave things as they are, do not reconstruct this reactor," Mr. Begin said in the interview. President Francois Mitterrand has said he is willing to rebuild the reactor, but under very stringent controls. Mr. Begin, saying he is resolved to keep Iraq from "building an atomic bomb," called the situation "very dangerous. It would be better if France doesn't reconstruct the reactor," he said. "That is my advice."

Jordan Times

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

جوردان تيمز يومية مستقلة عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية "الراي"

Today's Weather

It will be slightly warmer, with some clouds, southeasterly moderate to fresh winds and dusty conditions in the south and east. In Aqaba, it will be dusty with increasing clouds, northerly moderate to fresh winds and calm seas.

	Overnight low	Daytime high
Amman	5	18
Aqaba	13	25
Deserts	3	20
Jordan Valley	15	26

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 16, Aqaba 24. Humidity readings: Amman 26 per cent, Aqaba 29 per cent.

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AMMAN, THURSDAY-FRIDAY NOVEMBER 26-27, 1981 — MUHARRAM 29-30, 1402

Price: Jordan 100 fils; Syria 1 pound; Lebanon 1 pound; Saudi Arabia 1.50 riyals; UAE 1.50 dirhams; Great Britain 25 pence

Arab summit postponed indefinitely

FEZ, Nov. 25 (Agencies) — Morocco's King Hassan II today "postponed to a future date" the 12th Arab summit conference, hours after it opened apparently because of disagreement over the Saudi peace plan for the Middle East.

statements, but that they use their judgement."

He ended his statement with a citation from a classic Arabic poem stating that "Wisdom comes before courage."

Earlier today King Hassan opened the summit conference.

In his opening speech, King Hassan called for solidarity among the Arab nations and on crucial issues facing them and expressed hope that the meeting will come up with more adequate resolutions on major problems.

Eleven Arab heads of state and the PLO chairman were attending the summit but nine other leaders sent representatives.

Among the absentees were Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi, Syrian President Hafez Al Assad, Iraqi President Saddam Hussein, Sudanese President Jaafar Numeiri, Algerian President Chadli Benjedid, Sultan Qaboos of Oman, Tunisian President Habib Bourguiba, Mohammad Ould Haïdalla of Mauritania and King Khalid of Saudi Arabia.

In apparent reference to the peace plan put forward by the Crown Prince Fahd, who represented Saudi Arabia at the summit, King Hassan said in his

opening speech:

"On the face of things, views are divergent and aims are different and contradictory but we have to unify our desires and our responsibilities."

"What is important before anything else is that when we leave this conference hall, it will be said that the Arab Nation is progressing and that the Arabs are worthy of liberty...."

Arab League Secretary General Chadi Klibi, apparently referring to the plan, told the opening ses-

sion of the summit that it was natural for a respected Arab state to present a programme for Middle East action.

He said peace solutions for the area proposed outside the Arab World had served the interests of Israel and ignored the Arabs.

Among the guests was Kenyan President Daniel arap Moi, current chairman of the Organisation of African Unity (OAU), which this week was granted observer status in the Arab League.

Moi starts summit

Mr. Moi started the summit with a proposal that the Arab League should help find a settlement to the six-year-old guerrilla war in the Western Sahara.

It was the first time that the protracted conflict over the future of the former Spanish Sahara territory had been formally placed before the Arab League.

Addressing the Arab League summit on behalf of the OAU, Mr. Moi said he recognised that the Sahara conflict has hitherto

been regarded as an African rather than an Arab problem.

"It is evident that the Sahara is essentially an Arab problem and I appeal to the Arab League to collaborate with us and do everything in its power to help the OAU find a solution."

Abdo Yamani on Fahd plan

Earlier today in Saudi Arabia, Information Minister Mohammad Abdo Yamani said in a newspaper interview that adoption of the peace plan by the summit could help change U.S. Middle East policy.

He told the Saudi daily Okaz that "an Arab consensus on the plan and an intensive Arab presence in the American arena could change American policy in the interest of just Arab causes."

Fourteen chief executives of the 21 Arab League members attended the abortive summit. They were the chiefs of state or government of Morocco, Bahrain, Kuwait, Jordan, Lebanon, North and South Yemen, the United Arab Emirates, Qatar, Somalia, Djibouti, Tunisia, Saudi Arabia and the PLO.

The seven other League members were represented at ministerial level. These were Iraq,

Syria, Libya, Algeria, Mauritania, Sudan and Oman.

King Hassan opened his statement with a report on decisions taken by the summit on the situation in Lebanon, immediately prior to the suspension.

"As you know, it was foreseen that there would be two conferences, one on Lebanon and the other on all other Arab affairs," the king said.

"During this session, we discussed the Lebanese crisis, and we unanimously agreed on the recommendations (drawn up by the foreign ministers) regarding Lebanon."

"The secretary general of the Arab League has been charged with studying and applying these recommendations in view of the fact that all Arab countries without exception have decided to support Lebanon and especially its southern territories," King Hassan continued. "We support all the occupied territories and their peoples."

King Hassan did not spell out what decision were taken by the foreign ministers, who spent several hours in closed session last Sunday discussing how to halt civil war and foreign interference in Lebanon.

King Hussein's speech at Fez summit

FEZ, Morocco, Nov. 25 (Petra) — His Majesty King Hussein, in his capacity as chairman of the 11th Arab summit held in Amman in 1980, today spoke at the opening session at the 12th summit. The following is the text of his speech:

"I feel it is my duty to express my deep gratitude and appreciation to His Majesty King Hassan II and the Moroccan government and people for their grand reception and generous hospitality accorded to us. This is what we have come to be accustomed to whenever we are here among our kinsmen and brothers and every time your hospitable country hosts an Arab conference in which

the Arab leaders and brothers meet to find means of serving the Arab Nation and consult on the nation's affairs and issues of the Arab destiny and plan means with which to confront challenges and dangers threatening the Arabs....

"Jordan will never forget the 11th Arab summit in Amman and its resolutions and I am sure that this 12th Arab summit in this historical city of Fez will be successful with the help of God and the wisdom of the president of this conference His Majesty King Hassan II. I hope that this conference will further help to enhance the Arab legacy and character and will contribute towards the restoration of Palestine and the preservation of all Arab rights."

Begin prepared to meet Khaled if plan does not threaten Israel

PARIS, Nov. 25 (R) — Israeli Prime Minister Menachem Begin said in an interview broadcast today he would be prepared to meet King Khaled of Saudi Arabia only if he made clear his country's peace plan did not include the destruction of Israel.

Speaking in an hour-long interview on France's TFI television network, Mr. Begin said the eight-point Saudi plan, now before the 12th Arab summit conference at Fez, was aimed at dismembering the Zionist state.

He repeated the Israeli view that the Saudi plan, proposed by Crown Prince Fahd, did not include clear recognition of Israel's existence or any suggestion for Israeli participation.

"It is a series of proposals leading to the creation of a Palestinian state... all of this means mortal danger to Israel, the dismemberment of the country... there would be permanent bloodshed. It is a plan for the liquidation of Israel in stages," he said.

Mr. Begin added: "I am ready to meet King Khaled today provided he says that such a plan for the liquidation of Israel does not exist."

Arafat should recognise Israel, Carrington says

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) — British Foreign Secretary Lord Carrington today urged Palestinian leader Yasser Arafat to recognise Israel.

He told the House of Commons select committee on foreign affairs: "The Palestinians must... even if only conditionally... recognise Israel. There is no way Israel could or should be asked to negotiate with an organisation which is not going to recognise it."

Lord Carrington, who recently visited the Middle East as current president of the 10-nation European Economic Community (EEC), said the right way to proceed was to get the parties to the Arab-Israeli dispute to recognise each other conditionally.

The main problem with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) was that it spoke with different voices, he told members of parliament.

An authoritative statement of recognition would provide a major boost to hopes of achieving peace in the Middle East and would break the long-jam of distrust, he said.

"It would clearly have to be Mr. Arafat," Lord Carrington said, adding that the PLO Chairman would have to state his recognition of Israel "in a forum in which it can be believed."

Brezhnev leaves Bonn after agreeing to differ

BONN, Nov. 25 (R) — Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev flew home today after a three-day working visit to Bonn which highlighted stark differences between East and West on how to curb a nuclear arms build-up in Europe.

The 74-year-old Kremlin chief was seen off from Cologne-Bonn airport by West German Chancellor Helmut Schmidt, with whom he had held nearly nine hours of discussions.

The two leaders made use of a final opportunity for talks by driving together to the airport from Gimmich Castle, outside Bonn, which had been Mr. Brezhnev's residence during his stay.

In a joint communique issued just before he left, the two countries declared that imminent U.S.-Soviet talks on limiting medium-range nuclear arms in Europe should aim for an East-West balance "at the lowest possible level."

But the eight-page statement made clear that Mr. Brezhnev and Mr. Schmidt, who had set out to interpret the Western standpoint, could only agree to differ on how accord should be achieved.

In a speech on Monday Mr. Brezhnev dismissed a West German-backed "zero option" suggested by President Reagan ahead of the Geneva negotiations, which start next Monday.

The proposal would commit Moscow to dismantling its medium-range missiles aimed at Western Europe if NATO dropped plans to deploy Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles from 1983.

Instead, Mr. Brezhnev renewed an offer already rejected by NATO for an East-West deployment freeze during the negotiations—a move he said could comply with unilateral Soviet reduc-

Mubarak frees 31 Sadat foes

CAIRO, Nov. 25 (R) — Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak, in a major reconciliation move, released 31 politicians and other critics of the late President Anwar Sadat today.

They were among 1,600 people arrested by Mr. Sadat in a sweeping crackdown on religious extremists and political opponents in September.

Those released included Mohammad Heikal, former editor of the Cairo daily Al-Ahram, and veteran politician Fouad Seragedin, whose new Wafd party gained wide middle class support before it was dissolved in 1978.

President Sadat, assassinated at a military parade on Oct. 6, had branded both as traitors who helped stir up sectarian strife between Muslims and Christian Copts.

Others released were Helmi Murad, deputy chairman of the Socialist Labour Party (SLP), who fiercely attacked Mr. Sadat in the opposition press, and Mr. Milad Hanna of the leftist Unionist Progressive Party (UPP).

Begin won't be mollified on policy for Arab lands

TEL AVIV, Nov. 25 (Agencies) — Prime Minister Menachem Begin, under a concerted opposition attack in parliament for his policy in the occupied Arab territories vowed today to continue Israel's suppression of Palestinians.

The opposition Labour Party, the Communists and two liberal splinter factions presented motions condemning the blowing up of Arab houses and the closure of the Birzeit University following unrest on the campus.

Meir Wilner of the Communist Party accused the government of trying to destroy the Palestinian people, and in the process "corrupting the Israeli nation, destroying the souls of its youth."

Mr. Begin admitted that destroying houses "is grave and radical measure," but said it was needed "to defend our people..."

Mr. Begin said he would protect Palestinians who were willing to break away from the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) and work for peace with their occupiers.

1-to-5 for SDP at Crosby

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) — Britain's Social Democrats today appeared on the brink of a stunning by-election victory that would give them their first parliamentary seat won under their own banner.

The latest public opinion poll predicted Shirley Williams, a leader of the Social Democratic Party (SDP), would capture Crosby, a bastion of the governing Conservative Party, in the most sensational electoral upset this century.

The National Opinion Poll (NOP) in the London Daily Mail put Mrs. Williams, a 51-year-old former Labour Party cabinet minister, 15 percentage points ahead of Conservative candidate John Butcher.

Fully 51 per cent of 748 people polled said they would vote for the SDP. Some 35 per cent intended to vote Conservative and 14 per cent Labour, leaving six fringe

Tel Aviv braced to reject EEC role in Sinai force

TEL AVIV, Nov. 25 (Agencies) — The Israeli government, angered by what it regards as pro-Palestinian statements by European leaders, appears to be resisting United States efforts to

ensure European participation in a proposed Sinai peacekeeping force.

U.S. Ambassador Samuel Lewis visited Prime Minister Menachem Begin today to urge Israeli acceptance of British, French, Dutch and Italian troops in the force that will patrol Sinai after Israel withdraws from there next April.

U.S. spokesman refused to discuss details of the meeting. But state-run Israeli radio said Mr. Begin told Mr. Lewis that, as things stand, Israel cannot accept a European role in the Sinai force.

The Israelis were incensed by statements from the four countries on Monday linking their participation in the force with the European Economic Community's (EEC) 1980 Venke declaration. This called for negotiations with the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) on Palestinian self-determination.

A visiting American congressman, Democrat Charles Wilson of Texas, met Foreign Minister Yitzhak Shamir and told reporters afterwards: "Mr. Shamir indicated very strongly he would not accept European conditions and if the European contingent is dependent on European conditions he would not accept it."

Hope in sight for North Sea rigs

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) — A British oil rig torn from its moorings in the North Sea yesterday is still drifting but gale force winds and mountainous seas have calmed, coastguards said today.

The floating platform Transworld 58 was reported to have been pushed 45 kilometres from its original position. The Argyll oilfield—320 kilometres off the southeast coast of Scotland. The rig still has 22 men on board after an airlift yesterday took off 44 men.

Coastguards said there was no danger of collision with other rigs and tugs were standing by to get a line aboard the "rogue" platform. Phillips Petroleum said things were returning to normal aboard its rig, Phillips S.S., which also broke anchor yesterday and drifted dangerously towards the Norwegian TOR oil rig.

The Phillips rig was being held by an anchor-handling ship until it could be secured, a spokesman said. Another victim of the storm, the 12,300-ton ferry Dana Gloria, with 440 people aboard, was still battling its way from Asbjerg in Denmark to North Shields in England, 24 hours after it was due in port.

MIDDLE EAST NEWS BRIEFS

Weinberger to visit Turkey Dec. 3-5

ANKARA, Nov. 25 (R) — American Secretary for Defence Caspar Weinberger will visit Turkey from Dec. 3 to 5, the foreign ministry announced today. A ministry statement said Mr. Weinberger would be repaying a visit to Washington in June by Defence Minister Haluk Bayulken when the two men discussed increased aid for modernising Turkey's armed forces. The defence secretary will be the first senior official of the Reagan administration to visit the country since the generals took power on Sept. 12, 1980. The U.S. and its NATO allies are concerned about NATO's south-eastern flank in view of Turkey's outdated equipment, the Iran-Iraq war and continuing instability in Iran.

Two Iraqis expelled from Venezuela

CARACAS, Nov. 25 (R) — Two diplomats at the Iraqi embassy in Caracas have been expelled from Venezuela for spying, foreign ministry officials said last night. The diplomats were named as Mohammad Hantooosh Hassen and Sabar Hamid Barbouri, both third secretaries. They left the country last weekend. The officials declined to say what type of spying activities the two were accused of carrying out. Venezuela and Iraq, both members of the Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC), maintained excellent relations, they said.

Israel jails Palestinian for 15 years

TEL AVIV, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — A military court in the occupied Gaza Strip has sentenced a Palestinian from the Sinai town of Al Arish to 15 years in prison for planning attacks in Tel Aviv, Israel Radio reported. It said Ali Yousef Faruji was convicted of planning to throw three hand grenades in certain areas of the city. He was detained at a military checkpoint at the border crossing between Al Arish, which was returned to Egypt in 1979, and Israeli-occupied Sinai.

WANTED

A financial institution is seeking an accountant with a minimum of 5 years experience. Must be college graduate and fluent in English and Arabic. Good salary and company fringe benefits.

For confidential interview, please call Mr. Issa Ibrahim at: 24494 or 33103 on Wednesday Nov. 25 and Thursday Nov. 26, between the hours of 11 a.m. and 1 p.m.

كوتنا من لاجل

EDITOR'S NOTE: This is the third in a series of articles on the nursing profession in Jordan.

By Samira Kavar
Special to the Jordan Times

IN ADDITION to the Jordan University Hospital and the King Hussein Medical Centre, another Jordanian medical complex that has a large concentration of nursing staff is Al Bashir Hospital in Jabal Ashrafyah, run by the Ministry of Health to offer government-subsidised health care at nominal fees to the public at large.

The hospital has 482 beds and is divided into 10 departments: general surgery (including orthopaedics, emergency treatment, general surgery and burn treatment); surgical operations: first aid, internal medicine, with a subdepartment for respiratory diseases; gynaecology and maternity; premature births; radiology; ear,

Seeing to the needs of Jordan's nursing corps

nose and throat; paediatrics, and ophthalmology.
Al Bashir Hospital has two outpatient clinics, one in Abdali and one in Ashrafyah. These clinics, in addition to offering services coming under all the above-mentioned departments, also have dermatology and dental care sections.

The director of nursing at the Bashir complex, Mrs. Bad'ia Haddadin, told the Jordan Times that at the hospital, which has 482 beds, her staff comprises 67 registered female nurses, 14 registered male nurses, 24 midwives, 14 doubly qualified nurse-midwives and 35 nurses' aids. Only five members of the nursing staff are

non-Jordanian, according to Mrs. Haddadin: one Eritrean, one Pakistani male nurse and two Pakistani female nurses.

A new section for the incubation of prematurely born babies is about to be opened in the hospital, according to Nurse Fadwa Haddad, head nurse of the present incubation department. She told the Jordan Times that the present incubation department has only eight incubators and four cribs, and is housed in the X-ray department due to a shortage of space. The new department, on the other hand, has been built according to the most modern specifications, and only the most thoroughly sterile techniques will be used in caring for premature and sick infants during the incubation period. The new department will have 30 incubators.

Miss Haddad, who attended a six-week specialisation course in incubation nursing at the American University Hospital in Beirut, is now responsible for training other nurses at the hospital to incubation nursing techniques. She said that there is a shortage of qualified nurses to work in this field, and that double the present nursing staff at the department are needed to meet the hospital's shortage.

Nurses working in this area need special training in sterilisation methods, she said, since the incubating infants lack immunity, and all work in this area must conform to the strictest standards.



Indian nurses relax at the Jordan University Hospital's nursing hostel (Staff photos by Samira Kavar)

Al Bashir Hospital is at present the only government hospital in Jordan which offers incubation treatment for prematurely born babies, she said.

Nurses' housing

The King Hussein Medical Centre, the university hospital and Al Bashir Hospital offer accommodation to nurses who are unmarried and wish to be provided with bed and board. Student nurses at the Princess Muna College of Nursing are afforded very comfortable accommodation at the King Hussein Medical Centre, but the privilege is also offered to staff nurses working at the hospital. Accommodation is free for the student nurses, and very inexpensive for full-fledged nurses.

Nurses living in are also able to enjoy swimming pool and tennis court facilities, as well as other recreational facilities inside the medical centre complex.

The university hospital also has a comfortable, three-storey hostel only a few metres away from the main hospital building. It has a capacity of 300, but is housing 235 student nurses, staff nurses and nurses' aids at present. The students, all of whom are attending the 18-month course for practical

nurses at the hospital, are put up free of charge. Full-fledged nurses pay JD 17 out of their monthly salaries for board and lodging at the hospital — a small sum indeed compared to what they would have to pay for board and lodging outside the hospital.

The hostel also provides resident nurses with three meals a day. Supervisors have rooms of their own, while each staff nurse shares a room with one colleague. Student nurses live in one room to every three nurses.

The hostel has one big dining room enjoying a good view of the hospital; a large lounge and TV room downstairs, where recreational and social functions are held, and several comfortable lounges and TV rooms on each of the floors, where the boarders can relax and entertain themselves. Each corridor has a kitchen, where the nurses can prepare dishes that they fancy — a facility which is especially convenient for foreign nurses, who are thus able to cook their own national dishes.

The presence of the hostel on the hospital premises means that nurses are available for emergency calls, and are exempted out from the hospital, even when roads are blocked by snow in winter.

Al Bashir Hospital also offers

accommodation to its unmarried nurses. Board and lodging are free of charge, and transport is provided for nurses who live out. Al Bashir nurses are housed in two hostels: one near the hospital in Jabal Ashrafyah to accommodate nurses who work in the emergency and surgery departments, since they may be called on duty in an emergency, and another near the Fifth Circle in Jabal Amman. The former provides 22 nurses with board and lodging, and the latter 113 nurses.

The East Bank of Jordan has four accredited centres that provide the country with qualified staff nurses: The Jordan College of Nursing, which is run by the Ministry of Health; The Princess Muna College of Nursing, which is a military institution run by the Royal Medical Services; the Ajloun College of Nursing and the University School of Nursing. The first three offer nursing diplomas, while the latter offers a B.Sc. in nursing, preparing its students to assume leadership posts and become teachers of nursing.

The West Bank has three accredited schools to train qualified staff nurses; the Arab Nursing College, which is part of Beirut University; the Bethlehem University School of Nursing, and the

Angusta Victoria School of Nursing, which has suspended its activities because the U.N. Relief and Works Agency for Palestine Refugees (UNRWA) is at present unable to supply it with the necessary funds.

The Jordan University Hospital and Al Bashir Hospital also offer 18-month courses for practical nurses, free of charge. Students taking these courses receive a salary of JD 40 a month plus free board and lodging throughout the training period. The university hospital has 135 trained practical nurses on its staff, and 63 practical student nurses.

All hospitals in Jordan, including private hospitals, train nurses' aids on the wards. These nurses have usually attained a third preparatory level education before joining these hospitals for their training period of a few months. Unlike the student practical nurses, they receive no theoretical training.

In addition, several government schools offer training in Nursing to female students at the secondary level. There are three such secondary schools in Amman: Al Shamalah School, Al Ashrafyah School and the new Marka School. Such schools also exist in Madaba, Karak, Salt, Irbid and Zarqa.



Feeding an infant at Al Bashir Hospital's incubation clinic

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION

CHANNEL 3

5:30 Koran
5:45 Cartoon
6:05 Children's Programme
6:20 Lobo
7:15 Local Programme
7:30 Local Programme on Women
8:00 News in Arabic
8:30 Arabic Programme on Agriculture
10:10 Interview with a local Artist
11:20 News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

6:00 French Programme
7:00 News in French
7:15 Varieties
7:30 News in Hebrew
8:00 News in Arabic
8:30 Comedy, Chit-chat
9:10 Lady Killer
10:00 News in English
10:15 Magnum
11:10 News in Arabic

RADIO JORDAN
855 KHz AM & 99 MHz FM

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
7:50 News Headlines
8:00 Morning Show
8:03 30 minute Theatre
8:30 Sign off
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 Pop Session
12:09 News Summary
12:09 Pop Session
12:40 News Bulletin
14:10 Instrumentals
14:30 30 minute Theatre
15:00 Concert Hour
16:00 News Summary
16:03 Instrumentals
16:30 Old Favourites
17:00 French way of Life
17:30 Pop Session
18:00 News Summary
18:03 Sports Round-up
18:30 Now Music
19:00 News Desk (News Bulletin)
19:00 Press Review, News Reports
19:30 Instrumentals

20:30 Evening Show
21:00 News Summary
21:03 Evening Show
21:57 News Headlines
22:00 Close down

BBC WORLD SERVICE
639, 720, 1413 KHz

GMT
04:00 Newscast 04:30 Leave it to Pamth 04:45 Notes from an Observer 04:50 Paperback Choice 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News: 24 Hours; News Summary 05:30 Peabody Choice 05:45 Six Irish Writers 06:00 Newscast 06:30 That Big Band Magic 07:00 World News: 24 Hours; News Summary 07:30 Country Style 07:45 Classic Short Stories 08:00 World News; Reflections 08:15 Before the Rock Sets in... 08:30 Baker's Half Dozen 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 Notes from an Observer 09:30 Good Books 09:35 Interlude 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Three Centuries of Italian Opera 10:15 Bringing the Past to Life 10:30 Frank Muir goes into... 11:00 World News; News About Britain 11:15 Guitar Workshop 11:30 Musical Yearbook 12:00 Radio Newsreel 12:15 Take it or leave it 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 13:30 Country Style 13:45 Picasso 14:15 Leave it to Pamth 14:30 Rock Salad 15:00 Radio Newsreel 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Wuthering Heights 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News 17:09 Europa 17:25 News Ideas 17:35 Paperback Choice 17:40 Interlude 17:45 Sports Round-up 18:00 World News; News about Britain 18:15 Radio Newsreel 18:30 A Taste of Hinni, Irish Style 19:00 Outlook; News Summary 19:30 Stock Market Report 19:45 Look Ahead 19:45 Peabody Choice 20:00 World News; 24 Hours News Summary 20:30 Sports International 21:00 Network U.K. 21:15 Europa 21:30 Rock Salad 22:00 World News 22:09 The World Today 22:25 Book Choice 22:30 Financial News 22:40 Reflections 22:45 Sports Round-up 23:00 World News; Commentary 23:15 Classical

Record Review 23:30 Take it or Leave it

VOICE OF AMERICA

GMT
03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30 News, Pop music, features, listeners' questions 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analysis. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English: news, feature "The Making of a Nation." 18:30 Now Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analysis. 19:30 VOA Magazine: America, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English; news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analysis.

AMMAN AIRPORT

NOTE: The following airport arrivals and departures are provided to the Jordan Times by the Airia information department at Amman Airport, Tel. 92205-6. They should always be verified by phone before the arrival or departure of the flight.

ARRIVALS

7:40 Cairo
8:30 Jeddah
8:45 Cairo (EA)
8:55 Agaba
9:20 Damascus
9:30 Jeddah
9:40 Kuwait
9:45 Muscat, Dubai
9:50 Doha, Bahrain
10:00 Dhahran
10:05 Abu Dhabi
10:10 Beirut
11:40 Cairo (EA)
12:35 Larnaca
14:25 Moscow (SU)
15:30 Kuwait (KAC)
15:35 Jeddah, Medina (SV)
16:30 Tripoli, Benghazi
16:35 Cairo
17:00 Athens
17:05 Bangkok
17:15 New York, Amsterdam
17:25 Cairo
18:00 London
18:35 Paris
19:10 Cairo (EA)

20:30 Beirut (MEA)
21:00 Cairo (EA)
21:55 Baghdad
24:30 Jeddah
01:00 Cairo

DEPARTURES:

03:00 Cairo
05:15 Frankfurt (LH)
06:30 Beirut
07:00 Damascus
07:00 Damascus
12:15 Agaba
08:55 Cairo (EA)
09:00 Rome (IA)
09:25 Beirut (MEA)
10:30 Larnaca
11:00 Amsterdam, New York
11:10 Athens
11:30 Cairo
11:45 Geneva, Brussels
11:45 Geneva, Zurich
12:00 London
12:15 Madrid
12:30 Frankfurt
12:30 Paris
12:40 Cairo (EA)
13:00 Cairo
15:30 Moscow (SU)
16:30 Kuwait (KAC)
16:35 Medina, Jeddah (SV)
16:45 Benghazi, Tripoli (LN)
19:00 Kuwait
19:30 Dhahran
19:30 Jeddah
19:45 Baghdad
20:00 Cairo
20:15 Abu Dhabi, Dubai
20:30 Cairo (EA)
01:00 Cairo (EA)

EMERGENCIES

DOCTORS:
Amman: 94121
Ali Al Zamily 94121
Abdul Salam Al Mahiri 77333

Irbid: 4468
Amin Abu Eideh 4468

PRAYER TIMES

Fajr 4:26
Sunrise 5:48
Dhuhr 11:21
'Asr 2:29
Maghrib 4:53
Isha 6:15

MUSEUMS

Folklore Museum: Jewellery and costumes over 100 years old. Also

Irbid: 5678
Hisham 5678

Zarqa:
Abu Leil (—)

TAXIS:
Al Khayyam 4151
Al Ahram 63911
Al Nahda 63906
Bashar 71329
Zaid 64476

CULTURAL CENTRES

American Centre 41529
British Council 36147-8
French Cultural Centre 37009
Goethe Institute 41993
Soviet Cultural Centre 44203
Spanish Cultural Centre 24049
Turkish Cultural Centre 39777
Haya Arts Centre 65195
AJ Hussein Youth City 67181
Y.W.C.A. 41793
Y.W.M.A. 64251
Amman Municipal Library 36111
University of Jordan Library 84355/84366

SERVICE CLUBS

Lions Philadelphia Club. Meetings every second and fourth Wednesday at the Grand Palace Hotel, 1:30 p.m.
Lions Amman Club. Meetings every first and third Wednesday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 1:30 p.m.
Rotary Club. Meetings every Thursday at the Intercontinental Hotel, 2:00 p.m.
Philadelphia Rotary Club. Meetings every Wednesday at the Holiday Inn, 1:30 p.m.

mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 18th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 23316
Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays.

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Saudi riyal 98.6/98.9
Lebanese pound 72.8/74
Syrian pound 57.2/58
Iraqi dinar 693/701
Kuwaiti dinar 1190.6/1194.1
Egyptian pound 356.6/362.3
Qatari riyal 92.1/92.4

UAE dirham 91.5/92.8
Omani riyal 963.3/968.4
U.S. dollar 335.5/337.5
U.K. sterling 609.6/613.3
W. German mark 146.7/147.6
Swiss franc 176.6/177.7
Italian lire

(for every 100) 28/28.8
French franc 58.8/59.2
Dutch guilder 133.3/134.1
Swedish crown 60/60.4
Belgian franc 88.2/88.7
Japanese yen 143.9/144.3

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government) 75111
Civil Defence rescue 61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 37111-3
Police headquarters 39141
Najdah roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92206
Jordan Television 73111
Radio Jordan 74111

Firstaid, fire, police 199
Fire headquarters 22090
Cablegram or telegram 18

Telephone:
Information 12
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls 10
Overseas radio and satellite calls 17
Telephone maintenance and repair service 11

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 220 180
Eggplant 160 120
Potatoes (imported) 140 100
Marrow (small) 140 90
Marrow (large) 80 50
Cucumber (small) 150 120
Cucumber (large) 100 70
Okra (Green) 320 260
Muloukhiyah 90 60
Hot Green Pepper 140 100
Cabbage 110 70
Onions (dry) 110 70
Garlic 800 700
Guava 220 160
Beans 300 250
Dates 180 120
Sweet Pepper 130 90

Bananas 260 200
Apples (American) 250 200
Apples (Golden) 240 170
Apples (Sturken) 210 170
Water Melons 110 70
Lemons 150 100
Oranges 240 180
Grapes 350 300
Figs 280 200
Cauliflowers 200 150
Tangerine 230 180
Pears 500 400
Pomegranates 160 120
Grapefruit 120 80
Oranges (Shamouti) 140 100
Bonsai 160 120

Abu Leil

NATIONAL

NATIONAL NEWS BRIEFS

Tawjiji deadline today

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — The ministry of education announced today that Thursday is the last date for registration of students wishing to sit for this year's General Secondary Certificate Examinations (*tawjiji*). It requested candidates to make sure that their applications arrive at the ministry before the end of office hours at noon.

Newer buses get rate break

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — Buses operating between Amman and Baghdad will be allowed to charge a fare of JD 10 on condition they are no more than seven years old and in good condition. The Ministry of Transport announced today. A rate schedule issued by the Ministry said that buses more than seven years old would be allowed to charge only JD 8.

6 new Amman-Na'our phone lines

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — Minister of Communications Mohammad Adoub Al Zaben said today that the Telecommunications Corporation has added six lines to the seven telephone lines now operating between Amman and Na'our. He said that the step was taken to improve and expand telephone communications between the two cities, and between Na'our and other parts of the country.

Anani plans northern visit

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — Minister of Labour Jawad Al Anani will tomorrow visit Irbid and tour the Jordanian industrial fair at Yarmouk University. He will also pay an inspection visit to the Irbid labour department, and look into its functions and arrangements for employing local and non-Jordanian workers in the Irbid Governorate.

Staff academy graduates 22nd group of officers

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — The 22nd group of army officers graduated from the Royal Command and Staff Academy in a ceremony held here today under the patronage of His Royal Highness Crown Prince Hassan, the Regent.

Cabinet endorses agreements on Jordan-Yugoslavia relations

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (J.T.) — The cabinet today endorsed the minutes of a Jordanian-Yugoslav joint committee meeting which was held in Belgrade on Nov. 19, on discussions of economic and scientific cooperation between Jordan and Yugoslavia.

The two sides agreed in the meetings on the diversification of goods exchanged between the two countries, and the establishment of a trade centre in each country to represent the other and encouraging the launching of joint ventures, particularly in projects provided for in the new five-year development plan (1981-1985).

The minutes also cover the development of bilateral cooperation in the construction of ports, roads, dams and industries, as well as in agriculture, tourism and mining.

The cabinet, which met in regular session under the chairmanship of Acting Prime Minister

In a speech to the graduates, who included a number of officers from Arab and friendly countries,

Adnan Abu Odeh, also today endorsed a draft agreement with West Germany, under which the Ministry of Agriculture will receive a donation of DM 350,000 for the establishment of various installations in the Kamaliya afforestation project near Suweileh, west of here. The cabinet authorised Agriculture Minister Marwan Daudin to sign an agreement with West Germany on behalf of the Jordanian government.

Also according to a cabinet decision, Engineer Ahmad Dakhan, deputy director of the Natural Resources Authority (NRA), will travel to Abu Dhabi to attend an annual meeting of the Arab organisation for the development of mineral resources which will open on Dec. 11.

The cabinet also today agreed to distribute JD 10,000 to sports federation in Jordan.

Prince Hassan underlined the importance of creating qualified army commanders capable of shouldering their responsibilities and serving their nation. He praised the Jordanian army, "which has followed in the steps of the Arab Hashemite Army, that had played a prominent role in the defence of the Arab Nation and safeguarding its soil."

Prince Hassan referred to the important role of the army that had helped establish the Emirate of Transjordan under the late King Abdullah Ibn Al Hussein, its effective contribution to and sacrifices in the Arab-Israeli war and its defence of the Arab Nation, standing guard along the longest confrontation line with the enemy.

In his speech Prince Hassan congratulated the graduates, who had completed a one-year training course, and expressed appreciation of their instructors.

Towards the end of the ceremony, Prince Hassan distributed diplomas to the graduates. The ceremony was attended by Court Minister Amer Khamash, Commander-in-Chief of the Armed Forces Lt. Gen. Sharif Zaid Ibn Shaker, Chief Chamberlain Prince Ra'ed Ibn Zaid, Director of the Public Security Directorate Mas'moun Khalil, the commander of the Palestine Liberation Army stationed in Jordan, senior army officers and Arab ambassadors and military attaches at embassies in Amman.

Queen receives pharmacists and wives



AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — Her Majesty Queen Noor received Arab pharmacists participating in the congress of the Arab Pharmacists Federation, along with their wives, at Basman Palace this morning. One of the lady guests presented Queen Noor with an Iraqi flag on behalf of the Iraqi delegation, expressing Iraq's appreciation for Jordan's and His Majesty King Hussein's support for

fraternal Iraq. Another, representing the Palestinian delegation, presented the Queen with a model representing Jerusalem and the Dome of the Rock. The meeting was attended by Minister of Social Development In'am Al Mufti, Health Minister Zuhair Malhas, the wife of the prime minister and female members of the National Consultative Council.

French hearing specialist visits university, hospital, institutions

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — Visiting Prof. Michel Portman from Bordeaux University in France called at the University of Jordan today and met with its acting president, Dr. Rashid Al Diqr. Dr. Diqr briefed the guest and his delegation on the development of the university and its programmes.

Prof. Portman later visited the Jordan University Hospital and met with the dean of the university's Faculty of Medicine, Dr. Abdul Latif Al Badri, and other doctors. He was briefed on the services offered by the hospital and the training programmes for students of medicine.

Israel to try medical leader

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (J.T.) — The Israeli occupation authorities intend to try Dr. Samir Katbeh, representative of the Jordanian Medical Association (JMA) in the West Bank, according to a JMA spokesman here.

He said that the Israelis have fabricated a charge against Dr. Katbeh to justify his trial. The JMA denounces this move as an arbitrary action which violates the simplest ethical principles," the JMA spokesman said. He appealed to all unions in Jordan and abroad to condemn and expose Israel's "inhuman methods" and to work towards preventing the show trial of Dr. Katbeh and bring about his immediate release.

Aqaba police seek port efficiency

AQABA, Nov. 25 (Petra) — A meeting was held today at police headquarters here to discuss ways of coordinating efforts to improve and speed operations of clearing and transporting goods at Aqaba Port. The meeting was attended by port authority officials.

It was also reported from Aqaba that the police department, in cooperation with the department of education in the city, has opened "friends-of-the-police" course.

Contracts and condensers: Aqaba station aims for the year 2000

By Dominic Asquith
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN — In order to meet its future electricity needs at the least expense, the Jordan Electricity Authority (JEA) is planning to build a seawater-cooled thermal power station at Aqaba, whose total capacity is expected to reach 1,540 megawatts by the year 2000. This will be connected to Amman by a 320-kilometre double circuit transmission line, designed for a 400-kilovolt capacity but initially operating at 132kv.

The transmission line, for which the consulting engineer is the British firm Prece, Cardew and Rider, will be divided into three major contracts (conductors; insulators and accessories and towers, fittings and erecting). The line should become operational before the end of 1986.

The development of the power station itself is conceived of as taking place in three stages. The first will involve the construction of two oil-fired steam units, each of a 130MW gross rated output; one being required late in 1985 and the other in the second quarter of 1986. The second stage, set for 1989-1990, will see the addition of two more units, but this time of 320MW each. The third stage, scheduled for the year 2000, will complete the process with the installation of two more 320 MW units, thus giving a total capacity of 1,540MW.

The site chosen for the power station lies 19 kilometres south of Aqaba Port and one kilometre inland, with the total land area allocated to the station plus switchgear and access to the sea covering 587,000 square metres. Ideally, since water for the condenser cooling will be drawn from the Gulf of Aqaba, the power station should have been sited even closer to the shoreline than projected, which would reduce operational and administrative costs. Und-

erstandably, however, port and tourist facilities took precedence.

To avoid any possible environmental ill-effects, the water heated by the condenser cooling process will be reduced in temperature by dilution, after discharge, so as to limit the temperature at the edge of the plume to 29 Degrees Centigrade, thus protecting Aqaba's coral reef from thermal impact.

Plant project supporters to meet soon

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (J.T.) — Arab and international financing organisations who have been asked to support the Jordan Electricity Authority's (JEA) Aqaba thermal power station project will hold a meeting here on Dec. 17 and 18, the Jordan Times has learned.

A JEA official said that during the first donors' meeting, held here from April 29-May 2, participants agreed that it would be useful to hold a second meeting in Amman during the last quarter of 1981. The meeting will review progress and consider loan packaging and the financing plan for the power plant and the associated 400-kilovolt Amman-Aqaba transmission line.

Invited to the meeting are the Arab Fund for Economic and Social Development, the Kuwait Fund for Arab Economic Development, Kreditanstalt für Wiederaufbau (KfW) of West Germany, the Iraqi Fund for External Development, the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development, the Saudi Arab Economic Development Fund, the Islamic Development Bank and the OPEC Fund.

AUB acting chief due for visit

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (J.T.) — The acting president of the American University of Beirut, Dr. David Dodge, is due here shortly and will deliver a lecture to the AUB Alumni Club on Wednesday, Dec. 2, the club's board announced here today.

It said that Dr. Dodge's lecture will be entitled "The American University of Beirut Today".

Following the lecture, Dr. Dodge and the AUB assistant president for development and alumni affairs, Mr. Nazih Zaidan, will be guests of honour at a reception to be held at the club's headquarters, where they can meet and get acquainted with AUB alumni in Jordan.

Teams set for agriculture confabs

AMMAN, Nov. 25 (Petra) — The Ministry of Agriculture will participate in an international seminar, to open in Cordoba, Spain, Monday on mechanical harvesting of olives.

The Jordanian delegation will try to get acquainted with the mechanical methods, and with machines for planting saplings, for possible application in Jordan.

The University of Jordan will participate in a conference on agricultural production, which will open in the United States on Saturday.

During the five-day meeting, the participants will discuss ways of developing and improving world agricultural production.



Display at the Haya Arts Centre showing UNICEF primary health services in the Third World.

Exhibition highlights UNICEF activities

Text and photos
By Samira Kawar
Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN, Nov. 25 — A photo and poster exhibition featuring the activities of the United Nations' Children's Fund (UNICEF) throughout the world is on display at the Haya Arts Centre until Monday, Nov. 29.

The exhibition, which was officially opened by Her Highness Princess Basma last Saturday, is the first of its kind in the region. After Jordan, it will travel to Saudi Arabia, the Yemeni Arab Republic and other Arab countries, UNICEF Representative in Jordan Hassan Shawareb told the Jordan Times.

Attractive greeting cards designed by world-famous artists, to suit all tastes and occasions, are on sale at the exhibition. Mr. Shawareb said that the proceeds will go towards financing UNICEF activities in Jordan. Also on sale are sweatshirts bearing the UNICEF insignia, and recordings of a special concert held during the International Year of the Child featuring such famous singers as Dooon Summers and Olivia Newton John, who donated their performances to UNICEF.

During its present aid cycle in Jordan, which will draw to a close by the end of 1981, UNICEF has contributed to "integrated development" in Jordan through two main projects, Mr. Shawareb said.

UNICEF as the most important aspect of the use of water by any given community.

The water project at Al Kiteh, was a pilot UNICEF project in Jordan, he added. A survey had been carried out on the situation in Kiteh before its water supply was augmented, he said, and a similar survey would be carried out in the near future to determine the impact of the new water supply and health education campaign.

UNICEF's next water project in Jordan, to come during the coming aid cycle, will be carried out in the Bani Hamidah villages, south of Madaba, Mr. Shawareb said.

Another UNICEF aid project to be continued in the coming cycle is in primary health care, with the main support going to the Ministry of Health's mother and child care centres throughout the kingdom, he added.

Major UNICEF support goes to the centres' expanded immunisation programme, initiated two years ago, for children between two months and six years old. Eighty per cent of the 260,000 target group of children have already been reached by the programme, and it is hoped that the remaining 20 per cent will be immunised within the coming year, Mr. Shawareb said. The campaign will also be extended to include an annual target number of 85,000 newborn babies, he added.

As part of its effort to support basic education for children, UNICEF began two years ago to support the Ministry of Education's "life-oriented education" programme at preparatory government schools in Jordan. The programme offers the children basic skills of a practical nature, such as carpentry and the repair of household appliances — skills that they will need in their everyday lives.

UNICEF trains the teachers and provides the local expertise, simple tools and transport necessary for the success of these projects.

WHAT'S GOING ON

Exhibitions

* Photographs of UNICEF health, education, cultural and rehabilitation services in the Third World, at the Haya Arts Centre.

* The contemporary Masters Exhibition, at the Alia Art Gallery.

* The Jordan National Gallery presents the Turkish Arts Exhibition, a century's retrospective of Turkish painting.

Lecture

* In cooperation with the Jordan Bar Association, the Goethe Institute presents a series of lectures by Dr. Omaia Elwan, professor of law at the University of Heidelberg, on: International Law and Developing Countries, Law of the Protection of Environment (a comparative study between Arab countries and the Federal Republic of Germany), Legal Aspects of the Transfer of Technology to Arab Countries and Legal Aspects of Activities of Multinational Companies in the Middle East.

KHALIL K. SWEISS, M.D.

Cardiologist * Internist

American Board of Internal Medicine.
Associate Fellow of American College of Cardiology.

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9 a.m.-1 p.m., 4-6 p.m. except Friday.

Handwritten signature or note at the bottom of the page.

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RED & BLACK

Arabs and the International Monetary Fund

By Jawad Ahmad

THERE ARE so many forums to discuss economic relations between developing countries and the developed, industrialised countries. Such discussions reached their peak in the October summit meeting at Cancun, Mexico.

Although the meeting was highly publicised, it only led to one major decision: the increase in the capital of the World Bank (IBRD) from \$40 to \$80 billion. Where the increase in the capital is going to come from is still open for speculation; but assuming that Arab oil-producing countries will foot a large chunk is not a remote assumption.

(IMF). This is an institution which specialises in short-term loans to offset temporary deficits in the balance of payments of member countries. The IMF has created a special loan facility in it where surplus countries lend deficit countries in amounts measured in Special Drawing Rights (SDRs).

Reviewing the SDR account, we find that Saudi Arabia alone lent this facility around \$10 billion last year, and they are expected to extend another \$5 billion in the near future. All amounts that were extended to this facility by major industrialised countries barely reached \$1.5 billion.

Voting in the International Monetary Fund is conducted economically, i.e. each country has votes commensurate to its contribution to the capital of the IMF. Since the contribution of Arab countries to the IMF's capital is small, their ability to exercise tangible influence on its policies is low indeed. The amounts paid to the SDR facility do not enhance the voting power.

Under such an arrangement, the Arabs in the IMF and the World Bank do not have biting teeth to pass the decisions which they want to see passed. For example, the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) was backed by Arabs

and many other countries to obtain an observer status in the IMF & IBRD but no avail. Practically, the USA which dominates around 25 per cent of the capital of each has a veto power over such a decision which cannot be passed without 80 per cent of the votes.

In his speech to the joint IBRD-IMF annual meetings on behalf of the Arabs, Dr. M. Sa'id Nabulsi, Jordan's Central Bank governor, put strong emphasis on the PLO issue. He stressed that Arabs are deeply disappointed by the way this matter (PLO observer status) has been handled. He also asserted that Arab countries did not only view the issue as a principle to adhere to, but also

as an opportunity to reconsider seriously the discriminatory practices of the two institutions.

In a previous paragraph of his speech, Dr. Nabulsi pointed out that Arab countries contribute about four per cent of their GNP as international aid, while developed countries shell out only 0.5 per cent.

This asymmetry between contribution and sharing in the decision-making must be resolved. Otherwise, Arab money is being snatched away to enhance the power of those who do not see eye-to-eye with the Arabs on some of the basic issues which rank high among Arab priorities.

Expecting tough talk on TNF

By Jeffrey Antevil

WASHINGTON—Almost 10 years after the first Strategic Arms Limitation Treaty, U.S. and Soviet negotiators will begin next week what may be the most difficult and protracted arms talks ever held. The 1972 treaty, SALT I, took about three years to negotiate. SALT II, tacitly in force since 1979 despite U.S. refusal to ratify it, took seven years to complete.

On Monday, talks are to begin in Geneva on limiting or reducing medium-range Theatre Nuclear Forces (TNF) in Europe.

"Without in any way detracting from the difficulty and complexity of SALT," said a high U.S. official involved in all three sets of talks, "TNF will be even tougher."

President Reagan's sweeping offer last week to scrap most European-based medium-range missiles was only the opening gun in a battle that may still be raging late in 1983, when NATO is due to start deploying new U.S. missiles.

The argument — and the negotiations — could still be going on 10 years from now, U.S. officials say.

The president's call for Moscow to scrap its 600 SS-20, SS-4 and SS-5 missiles in return for NATO dropping a plan to deploy 572 comparable weapons was greeted by Western leaders as a bold move that seized the propaganda offensive from the Kremlin.

Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev, on a visit to West Germany this week, was forced to spend most of his time responding to the Reagan initiative.

West European opponents of the NATO deployment plan were also thrown off stride.

Despite the immediate gain, however, few U.S. officials believe Moscow will agree to the Reagan proposal.

Mr. Brezhnev on Monday rejected the "zero option" offered by Mr. Reagan. Instead, he offered a unilateral cut in Moscow's missile arsenal if the U.S. agreed to a two-way freeze while talks continue. This is an old idea already turned down by NATO.

"I think it will be a protracted negotiation while the Soviets try to judge if NATO has the political will to stay the course," Assistant Defence Secretary Richard Perle, chief arms control planner at the Pentagon told Reuters.

Moscow would have "very little incentive to accept the president's proposal" if Soviet negotiators concluded that NATO might backtrack on its 1979 decision to deploy Cruise and Pershing-2 missiles in five West European countries.

In the Soviet view, the zero option would mean dismantling missiles targeted against Western Europe while leaving intact the Western nuclear-armed bombers and submarines that the mobile, triple-warhead SS-20s were intended to counter.

Nevertheless, Western diplomats in Moscow noted that Soviet attacks on Mr. Reagan's proposal avoided saying the Geneva talks would be a waste of time.

One European official said Kremlin policymakers were signalling "they did not like what Reagan said, but... they see it as some kind of basis for discussion. They now know where the Americans stand, and that's more than they did beforehand."

Soviet spokesman Leonid Zamyatin speaking in Bonn said: "We hope the U.S. will look again and again at its position, because it is a maximalist position that is not acceptable to the Soviet Union."

Weighty problems

THE ARAB summit conference, postponed indefinitely after its first session in Morocco — apparently because of differences over a Saudi Arabian blueprint for peace in the Middle East — could not pass the first test of a new diplomacy that sought to bring peace to a region plagued by a 34-year-old conflict sparked with the creation of a Zionist state in Arab lands in 1948.

High on the agenda of the twelfth gathering of Arab heads of state since the late Egyptian President Jamal Abdul Nasser called the first Arab summit in 1964, was the eight-point plan for peace in the Middle East, proposed last August by Saudi Arabian Crown Prince Fahd.

The plan, on behalf of which the Saudi Arabian leadership undertook extensive lobbying, could or could not have been viewed as a major shift in Arab diplomatic policy. After four Middle East wars and a direct all-out confrontation in Lebanon between the Palestinians and Israel, the Saudis might have thought they had come up with the first positive development in the Arab position. Earlier schemes to settle the dispute between Arab and Israeli — from the U.N. General Assembly's Partition Plan of 1947, to Security Council Resolution 242 of 1967, to the U.S.-sponsored Camp David accords of 1978, have come from without the region, and have been rejected by one party or the other.

The Saudi proposal, which attempted to resolve the thorny question of the "right to exist" of all states in the region, was, possibly very earnestly, meant to be the first Arab-initiated alternative to the American-inspired peace-keeping process.

While the positions of the summit participants on the plan — outright rejection by some, guarded welcome by others, indecision by a few, all-out support by others — depicted inter-Arab disputes, the fact remains that, as King Hassan of Morocco put it, "the problems before us are very weighty and very dangerous, and they have their repercussions." Perhaps! But, the Saudi initiative had "positive" aspects which could have been agreed upon and "negative" ones which could have been debated, in the hope that a unified Arab position could have been reached.

Ideological wrangling among British Labour opposition lowers party's morale

Benn relegated to parliament's back benches

By Barry May

LONDON — Defiant and unrepentant, leftwinger Tony Benn is down out after being thrown off the opposition's front bench in the British Parliament.

The real loser may turn out to be his Labour Party leader, Michael Foot.

Mr. Foot put his authority on the line by recommending that the party's 245 members of parliament deny Mr. Benn their vote in elections for the shadow cabinet, the team which would form the nucleus of a Labour government.

Some 66 MPs ignored him — not enough to give Mr. Benn one of 15 shadow cabinet seats, but still a significant minority.

Critics of the Labour leader interpreted the 66 votes as a declaration of no confidence in Mr. Foot.

After the ballot, party sources said Mr. Foot's problems in trying to bring Mr. Benn to heel were far from over.

Mr. Benn, a soft-spoken former peer turned strident champion of radical socialism, can now range wide and free from the back benches of the House of Commons in his campaign to see that the Labour Party remains committed to leftwing policies.

Brynmor John, Labour's right-wing defence spokesman in parliament and one of those elected to the front bench team, commented: "The Benn vote must be a worry for both Michael Foot and the shadow cabinet."

Another right-wing Labour MP, Jeffrey Thomas, said: "The result indicates that Benn still has influence on the councils of the Labour Party. It argues no good for the future."

Mr. Benn himself admitted to disappointment at his failure to win election to the shadow cabinet but said he had done better than he had expected.

"It was a good solid vote. It was twice what I expected," he said, adding: "Michael Foot is now imprisoned in a very right-wing shadow cabinet."

With party morale low over continued ideological wrangling and poor public opinion ratings, the rebuff to Mr. Foot by more than one quarter of the Labour MPs came at a bad time.

A Gallup poll in the Daily Telegraph newspaper showed that only 16 per cent of people questioned thought the 68-year-old pacifist campaigner was proving a good leader of the party — the worst record of any Labour leader since World War II.

The Times of London recently examined the internal feuding which has resulted in Labour's lurch to the Left and pronounced: "Mr. Foot presides over this depressing state of affairs rather like a pilot on the flight deck of his plane who has not been told that a hijack is taking place."

The issue that brought Mr. Benn's battle for a position of influence in the party to a head was one dear to his heart as a former energy minister.

He stated in parliament that the next Labour government would renationalise without compensation all those North Sea oil assets which the present Conservative government of Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher intends to sell.

This directly contradicted official party policy which provides for compensation and which had been enunciated by Labour's energy spokesman, Mr. Merlyn Rees, in the same House of Com-



mons debate only hours earlier. Mr. Foot rebuked Mr. Benn for confusing party policy and creating distractions from the central purpose of opposing the government and winning the next election.

He invited Mr. Benn to say unequivocally that he would in future abide by the principle of collective shadow cabinet responsibility.

But the requested pledge of allegiance was not forthcoming. It was not the first time the two men had clashed.

Mr. Benn, 56, openly aspires to the Labour leadership and ultimately to run the country as prime minister.

Darling of the militant Left, he unsuccessfully challenged the right-of-centre former defence and finance minister, Mr. Denis Healey, for the deputy leadership earlier this year.

The power bid was widely seen as a potential threat to Mr. Foot himself, and the Labour leader recognised the danger. He promptly invited Mr. Benn to challenge him directly for the leadership.

Mr. Benn declined, but his relations with the party leader suffered nonetheless, and at one point Mr. Foot described Mr. Benn's approach as the politics of the kindergarten.

Nevertheless Mr. Benn remains a contender for the Labour leadership when Mr. Foot — who recently declared he was "a paid-up member of the sick and tired brigade" — bows out.

Mr. Benn was known as the reluctant peer when he fought a legal battle to renounce the title Viscount Stansgate and the right he inherited with it from his father to sit in the House of Lords.

Married to a wealthy American, met when both were students at Oxford University, he became Anthony Wedgwood Benn.

But even that seemed to smack too much of upper class privilege for his preferred proletarian image and later he shortened it to plain Tony Benn.

His abundant energy and dynamism as minister of technology in the 1960s earned him the nickname "the whizz-kid minister."

But a decade later, as his support of worker demands and cultivation of grass-roots politics took on an increasingly militant edge, he was called "the bogeyman of big business" and the "sugar daddy of the shop floor."

He stands for unilateral nuclear disarmament and the closure of U.S. nuclear bases on British soil. He would withdraw Britain from the European Economic Com-

munity and order large-scale state spending to create jobs, reduce unemployment, and expand public housing and health services.

He would also abolish the House of Lords.

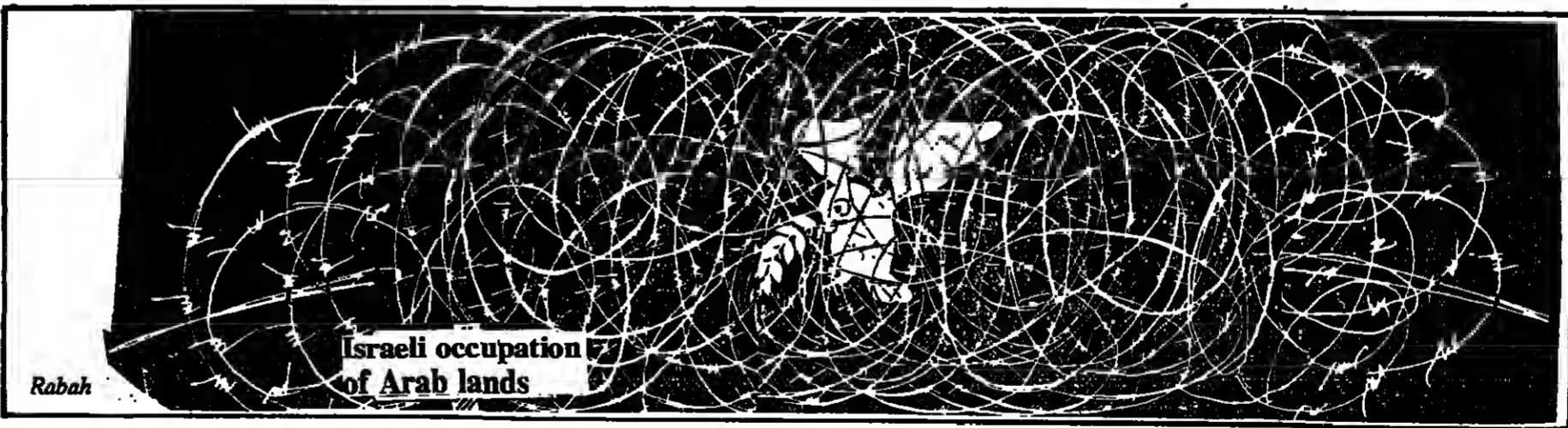
First elected to parliament at the age of 25, his policies closely reflect the aims of the militant tendency, a radical leftwing group that has become a party within a party.

The Left-versus-Right ideological battle for the heart and soul of the Labour Party has widened the gap between the generally moderate leftwing stance of most Labour MPs and the militancy of a small but increasingly active element in the party rank and file.

One staunch Labour supporter who has given up the struggle to keep the party to its origins as a force for moderate social reform is Lord Cudlipp, former editor of the mass circulation Daily Mirror.

Defecting to the Social Democratic Party (SDP), the rapidly rising new star of British politics, he lamented: "I didn't leave Labour. Labour left me."

He made clear that Mr. Benn and the militant tendency were to blame for driving him out and added: "A great party has now become a thoroughly small-minded, unlovable political conspiracy..."



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Handwritten Arabic text at the bottom of the page.

ECONOMY

EEC leaders to discuss budget reforms

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) - European Common Market leaders will try tomorrow to agree on budget guidelines in efforts to end a cash dispute that has split the 10-nation community.

Although there are hopes that some basic principles may be settled at a London summit meeting, officials said there was little prospect a final solution would be agreed.

British Prime Minister Margaret Thatcher will press for "solid progress" on the thorny budget issue before Britain gives up the Common Market presidency in five weeks.

But British diplomats said that, even if guidelines are agreed, there was only a slim chance that

funding details would be worked out in time to meet a year-end deadline.

The European Economic Community (EEC) set the target date for solution of the budget controversy when it agreed last year to pay Britain a substantial rebate from community funds.

Both Britain and West Germany argue they are paying too much into the 25-billion-dollar annual budget and that the EEC is squandering money on hefty subsidies for farmers.

The demand for budget reform is being resisted by France, Denmark, Ireland and other countries which benefit heavily from EEC bandouts designed to keep farm prices steady.

The prolonged effort to find a lasting solution will be the key issue at the two-day summit.

Government chiefs will also discuss East-West relations, prospects for U.S.-Soviet arms talks starting next week, the Middle East, Poland, and plans for closer political cooperation.

Foreign ministers of the 10 nations failed to take the budget problem forward in three days of talks last week, and budget ministers spent 16 hours arguing over priorities before they agreed in Brussels early today on funding for 1982.

Mrs. Thatcher is particularly

anxious for a quick solution because she wants to cut Britain's contributions and is seeking a political success to crown Britain's six-month presidency. Belgium takes over the EEC leadership on January 1.

"I would not like to give a clear prediction where it will all end," a British official said.

The British government hoped the summit would at least agree on guidelines setting out the basis on which budget contributions would be levied in the future.

If this could be achieved, government leaders would be able to instruct officials to speed up work on details.

But it was possible the problem would still be there when the European Council, the EEC's highest body, holds its next three-yearly summit in March.

the official said.

Another British official said Britain would press for "real decisions, not a cosmetic consensus."

A West German diplomat said Chancellor Helmut Schmidt would ask for a "significant" cut in Bonn's contributions.

West Germany is the biggest net contributor to the budget, followed by Britain. While British

Greece's Socialist Prime Minister Andreas Papandreu, elected on an anti-EEC ticket in a landslide victory last month, will be attending his first community summit.

He is planning to call a national referendum to decide whether Greece, the EEC's newest member, should leave the community over a battle for more cash from EEC funds. He is first expected to seek new terms for membership.

EEC officials said the government leaders would ask Mr. Schmidt for a briefing on Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev's visit to Bonn, which ended today.

FAO's budget rise approved, despite bill-footers objection

ROME, Nov. 25 (R) - A controversial rise in the biennial budget of the U.N. Food and Agriculture Organisation (FAO) was approved today but the countries who will pay for most of it voted against the increase.

The rise, from \$278 million in 1980-1981 to \$368 million in 1982-1983, won support from 110 countries at the FAO conference here, with five votes against and nine abstentions.

The five countries who cast a "no" vote were some of FAO's biggest donors—the United States, Britain, West Germany, Japan and Switzerland.

"The fight against hunger will not be won simply by increasing administrative expenditures," they said in a joint statement also approved by Belgium, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and New Zealand.

Speaking for the developing countries, Zambia's agriculture minister, Unia Mwila, retorted that these powers "are so conditioned to vote against this budget" that they would have done so whatever the figures involved.

Today's vote marked the end of a long fight between the big donors and FAO's director general, Edouard Saouma, who inspired the increase in programmes and accused all who opposed it of attempting to stifle the growth of developing countries.

The five countries who voted against the budget represent over 50 per cent of donations from FAO's 152 members.

"We want to emphasise that the position we have taken... is not an expression of any lessened determination to fight against hunger and malnutrition," the nine-country statement said.

But it added that "it is our view that production-oriented programmes could have been strengthened by a re-ordering of priorities and improved efficiencies."

The statement also called for close attention to be paid to a conference report which recommended that U.N. food agencies, of which there are several, should be reviewed to avoid duplication and improve effectiveness in the field.

A continuing debate over FAO's vast bureaucracy and personally-controlled programmes run by Mr. Saouma has been conducted during the three-week conference. Western diplomatic sources today described its outcome as "almost wholly negative."

Fears of deep recession hit metal prices

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) - Prices of base metals have been sliding on world markets as fears of deepening recession cut demand, but analysts still predict a recovery next year.

Copper and lead fell on the London Metal Exchange (LME) on Monday to their lowest levels for six months, although most metals rallied yesterday on news of lower U.S. interest rates.

Aluminium, whose main consumers have been hard hit by recession, fell to a new low this week after news of a further 10,000-ton rise in LME warehouse stocks. Tin supplies also exceed demand although prices have so far held up.

news to relieve fears of a deepening U.S. recession.

But the Commodity Research Unit (CRU), an independent body, remained confident that prices of most of industry's basic raw materials would rise next year.

"The timing will be later than we originally thought," a CRU spokesman said in London, "and will come in the second or third quarter of next year, with the upturn of economic activity in the U.S. and Europe."

"Japan is still on a growth tack, and its consumption of metals will continue to increase," he added.

It believes prices are also set to rise because low profitability and high interest rates have discouraged investment, and very little new productive capacity will be coming on stream in the next few years.

Analyst Gilbert Vines of Inter-commodities Limited also believes that metals prices will shoot up next year because of low stocks, the key difference between the present situation and the last two recessions.

"Current prices reflect economic gloom and lack of demand because of the downturn in the U.S.," he said.

But in the background the administration and the Federal Reserve Board (U.S. central bank) are reflationary—pushing interest rates down—and after two or three months this will take effect," Mr. Vines added.

Brokers Rudolph Wolff, in a recent report recommending

copper as an investment, noted that recession and record interest rates in the U.S. and Europe had combined to reduce stocks to dangerously low levels.

The report predicted that as soon as U.S. interest rates started to ease and key indicators, such as monthly housing starts and car sales showed signs of durable recovery, the copper market would respond significantly.

The report said that while recent production and transport problems in major copper producing areas of Africa and Latin America had been neutralised by low demand. "This would not be the case when economic recovery commences."

It added that Zambia and Zaire were seeking foreign aid to modernise their copper installations, but said that even if they got it immediately, the "effect on productive capacity would occur too late to ease the market tightness which we think will develop over the next one to two years."

Tehran strikes optimistic note on oil revenue inflow

VIENNA, Nov. 25 (R) - Iran is exporting 900,000 barrels daily of crude oil and needs to raise this only to around 1.1 or 1.2 million barrels to meet its foreseeable revenue needs, the Iranian ambassador to Kuwait told reporters today.

The envoy, Dr. Ali Shams Arefkani, who is attending an Organisation of Petroleum Exporting Countries (OPEC) seminar here, said 75 per cent of Iranian oil exports are moving through the big Kharg Island terminal in the Gulf.

He dismissed recent press reports that an Iraqi air raid on a pumping station had drastically reduced Kharg Island's capacity to export crude oil.

He said while oil exports averaging 1.1 to 1.2 million barrels daily would be enough to meet Iran's financial needs the maximum it could export during the present war with Iraq would be 1.4 million barrels daily. Under the Shah Iranian exports were closer to five million barrels daily.

Industry sources said that if Iran found it possible to keep oil exports at the low level suggested by Dr. Ali Shams, this would help OPEC defend oil prices in the current period of slack world demand.

LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) - Share prices closed slightly firmer although below earlier highs in moderate trading, dealers said. At 1500 the F.T. index was up 4.3 at 524.3.

The market opened strongly in response to gains on Wall Street following the cut in prime rate by Chase Manhattan, but later encountered profit taking, dealers said.

Leaders generally ended with gains of between a penny and 5p as in Guest Keen, ICI, Tube, Vickers, Glaxo and Bowater.

Gold shares closed with gains of up to 400 cents following the rally in the bullion price.

Government bonds closed with gains of up to 1/2 point in long maturities and little change at the shorter end. Dealers said the early firm trend was dampened by supplies of the short exchequer 1986 and long treasury 2004/05 stocks.

In tobacco, Rothmans closed up 1 1/2p at 80 1/2p after 83p following interim results above market expectations, and Alfred Dunhill was up 10p at 238p, also following interims.

Banks and insurances closed firmer where changed, and oils were narrowly mixed.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE

JORDAN TELEVISION FOR THURSDAY

CHANNEL 3

4:30 Koran
4:45 Cartoons
5:10 Children's Programme
6:15 Programme on Youth
6:40 Programme on Arts
7:00 Programme Preview
7:50 Documentary
8:00 News in Arabic
8:30 Arabic Series
8:50 Arabic Play
11:40 News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

6:00 French Programme
7:00 News in French
7:30 News in Hebrew
8:30 Muppet show
9:10 Theresa Resain
9:30 News in Arabic
9:35 Moyra of the Week: "Flora I. Spent my Summer Vacation"

FOR FRIDAY

CHANNEL 3

10:00 Koran
10:20 Children's programme
11:00 Religious programme
12:50 Forest Ranger
13:45 Barriers
14:15 Soccer
15:30 Play Guitar
16:35 CHIPS
17:30 Science and Life
18:00 Western Theatre
18:30 Feature Film
19:30 Religious Programme
20:00 News in Arabic
20:30 Arabic Series
21:30 Local Variety programme
22:00 Arabic series
23:00 News in Arabic

CHANNEL 6

6:00 French Programme
7:00 News in French
7:30 News in Hebrew
8:30 Nero Wolfe
9:00 News in English
9:15 Stag

FOR FRIDAY

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Summary
10:03 Pop Session
11:00 Listener's Choice
12:03 News Headlines
12:03 Friday Special
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News
14:10 Instruments
14:30 In Concert
15:00 Concert Hour
15:30 News Summary
16:30 Instruments
16:35 Old Favourites
17:00 Top Session
18:00 News Summary
18:30 Top Twenty
19:00 News Desk
19:30 Country Music
20:00 Andalusia
20:30 Over a Cup of Tea
21:00 Jazz Hour
22:00 Close down

SELECTED CHANGES FOR FRIDAY

8:40 Letter from London 5:30
Operetta 8:20 The Rewards of Music 8:45 Merchant Navy Programme 8:15 Divertimento 8:30
Frank Muir Goes into 10:30
Business Matters 11:25
Letter 12:15 Jazz for the Asking
13:30 For the Whales 16:15
Science in Action 17:00
Just a Minute 17:40
The Week in Wales 18:30
The Rewards of Music 21:00
Network U.K. 21:15
Music Now 21:45
Letter from London 23:15
From the Weeklies 23:30
Michael Strogoff

VOICE OF AMERICA

GMT
03:30 The Breakfast Show: 06:30
News, pop music, features, listeners' questions. 17:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 17:30 Dateline 18:00 Special English news, feature "The Making of a Nation". 18:30 News Music USA 19:00 News Roundup: reports, opinion, analyses. 19:30 VOA Magazine: Americana, science, culture, letters. 20:00 Special English: news 20:15 Music USA (Jazz) 21:00 VOA World Report 22:00 News, Correspondents' reports, background features, media comments, analyses.

ARRIVALS:

7:40 Cairo (EA)
8:05 Agaba
9:40 Kuwait (KAC)
9:45 Dubai, Abu Dhabi
10:10 Doha
10:10 Doha
11:40 Cairo (EA)
11:40 Jeddah, Medina (SV)
15:45 Tripoli
16:30 Cairo
17:15 Houston, N. York Vienna
17:20 Kuwait (KAC)
17:30 Paris
17:35 Brussels, Geneva
17:40 Madrid, Athens
17:45 Frankfurt
17:55 Cairo
18:00 London
19:10 Cairo (EA)
19:35 Frankfurt (LH)
19:40 Paris (AF)
23:40 Beirut (MEA)
23:45 Cairo (EA)
01:00 Baghdad
01:00 Cairo

DEPARTURES

3:15 Budapest
3:30 Cairo
6:15 Frankfurt (LH)
6:30 Damascus
7:00 Beirut
7:00 Agaba
7:00 Cairo (EA)
9:25 Cairo (EA)
10:30 Beirut (MEA)
11:00 Rome
11:00 Amsterdam, New York
11:25 Madrid, Casablanca
11:15 Athens
11:30 Cairo
11:45 Geneva, Brussels
11:45 Geneva, Zurich (SR)
12:00 Paris, London
12:15 Riyadh (SV)
13:00 Cairo
16:30 Kuwait (KAC)
18:30 Beirut
20:00 Cairo
20:05 Baghdad
20:30 Abu Dhabi, Dubai
21:15 Cairo (EA)
22:45 Baghdad
01:15 Cairo (EA)

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Irbid: Ahmad Tawalbeh 2834
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Al Najah 23839
Sports City 63273
Khalidoun 62315
Al Mahd 37312
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Quraba 73378
Halah 78921
Khalid 78653

MUSEUMS

Military Museum: Collection of military memorabilia dating from the Arab Revolt of 1916. Sports, City, Amman. Opening hours 9 a.m.-4 p.m., Sunday to Friday. Closed on Saturdays. Tel. 64246.
Folklore Museum: Jewellery and costumes over 100 years old. Also mosaics from Madaba and Jerash (4th to 15th centuries). The Roman Theatre, Amman. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5 p.m. Year-round. Tel. 51760.
Popular Life of Jordan Museum: 100 to 150 year old items such as costumes, weapons, musical instruments, etc. Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. closed Tuesdays. Tel. 37169.
Jordan Archaeological Museum: Has an excellent collection of the antiquities of Jordan. Jabal Al Qal'a (Citadel Hill). Opening hours: 9.00 a.m. - 5.00 p.m. (Fri. days and official holidays 10.00 a.m. - 4.00 p.m.). Closed on Tuesdays.
Jordan National Gallery: Contains a collection of paintings, ceramics, and sculpture by contemporary Islamic artists from most of the Muslim countries and a collection of paintings by 19th Century orientalist artists. Muntazah, Jabal Lweibdeh. Opening hours: 10.00 a.m. - 1.30 p.m. and 3.30 p.m. - 6.00 p.m. Closed on Tuesdays. Tel. 30128.

CHURCHES

Church of the Annunciation (Roman Catholic) Jabal Lweibdeh 37440
St. Joseph Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Amman 24890
De la Salle Church (Roman Catholic) Jabal Hussain 66428
Church of the Annunciation (Greek Orthodox) Abdali 23641
Anglican Church (Church of the Redeemer) Jabal Amman 23985
Armenian Orthodox Church Ashrafieh 75200
Armenian Catholic Church Ashrafieh 71331

LOCAL EXCHANGE RATES

Saudi riyal 98.7/99.1
Lebanese pound 72.873
Syrian pound 57.8/57.9
Iraqi dinar 663/669.3
Kuwaiti dinar 1206/1208.3
Egyptian pound 555/562.5
Qatari riyal 92.993
UAE dirham 973.6/990
Omani riyal 333.5/335.5
U.K. sterling 642.2/646.1
W. German mark 149.7/150.6
Swiss franc 187.5/188.6
Italian lire (for every 100) 28/28.2
Dutch guilder 59.4/59.8
French franc 136.7/137.5
Swedish crown 60.9/61.3
Belgian franc 89.9/89.5
Japanese yen (for every 100) 153.7/154.6

RADIO JORDAN 855 KHZ, AM & 99 MHz, FM FOR THURSDAY

7:00 Sign on
7:01 Morning Show
7:30 News Bulletin
7:40 Morning Show
10:00 News Summary
10:03 Pop Session
11:00 Signing off
12:00 News Headlines
12:03 Pop Session
13:00 News Summary
13:03 Pop Session
14:00 News
14:10 Instruments
14:30 Now Music
14:30 Now Music
15:00 Concert Hour

BBC WORLD SERVICE FOR THURSDAY & FRIDAY 639, 720, 1413 KHz

GMT
04:00 Newdesk 04:30 Classical Record Review 04:45 Financial News 04:55 Reflections 05:00 World News: 24 Hours News Summary 05:30 The Waltz 05:45 The World Today 06:00 Newdesk 06:30 Nature Notebook 06:40 The Farming World 07:00 World News: 24 Hours: News Summary 07:30 Music for Strings 07:45 Network U.K. 08:00 World News: Reflections 08:15 Golden Treasury 08:30 John Peel 09:00 World News; British Press Review 09:15 The World Today 09:30 Financial News 09:40 Look Ahead 09:45 Rock Salad 10:15 Lord of the Flies 10:30 Just a Minute 11:00 World News; News about Britain 11:15 Six Irish Writers 11:30 Assignment 12:00 Radio Newdesk 12:15 Top Twenty 12:45 Sports Round-up 13:00 World News: 24 Hours: News Summary 13:30 Network U.K. 13:45 The Plectrum's Yours 14:30 Dictionary 15:00 Radio Newdesk 15:15 Outlook 16:00 World News; Commentary 16:15 Assignment 16:45 The World Today 17:00 World News 17:00 Medicin 17:40 Waveguide 17:40 Sports Round up 18:00

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DEPARTURES

10:25 Kuwait (AF)

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PRAYER TIMES FOR THURSDAY

Fajr 4:46
Sunrise 6:12
Dhuhr 11:23
Ar 2:13

USEFUL TELEPHONE NUMBERS

Ambulance (government) 75111
Civil Defense rescue 61111
Jordan Electric Power Co. (emergency) 36381-2
Municipal water service (emergency) 3711-3
Police headquarters 39141
Najdah roving patrol rescue police, (English spoken) 24 hours a day for emergency 21111, 37777
Airport information (ALIA) 92205/92286
Jordan Television 73811
Radio Jordan 74111
Firstaid, fire, police 199
Fire headquarters 22090
Cablegram or telegram 18
Telephone: Information 12
Jordan and Middle East trunk calls 10
Overseas radio and satellite calls 17
Telephone maintenance and repair service 11

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MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 300 200
Eggplant 180 140
Apples (Starline) 230 200
Lemons 130 100
Oranges (Abu surra) 220 170
Oranges (Shanouni) 130 100
Oranges (local) 100 80
Oranges (French) 100 80
Damascus Grapes 140 100
Cauliflowers 220 180
Tangerine 170 120
Pears 380 200
Gassan onions 200 150
Bomali 200 150
Carrot 160 120
Turnips 140 100
Chestnut 640 400
Grapefruit 100 80
Grapes (white, black) 440 300
Beet 170

MARKET PRICES

Tomatoes 300 200
Eggplant 180 140
Apples (Starline) 230 200
Lemons 130 100
Oranges (Abu surra) 220 170
Oranges (Shanouni) 130 100
Oranges (local) 100 80
Oranges (French) 100 80
Damascus Grapes 140 100
Cauliflowers 220 180
Tangerine 170 120
Pears 380 200
Gassan onions 200 150
Bomali 200 150
Carrot 160 120
Turnips 140 100
Chestnut 640 400
Grapefruit 100 80
Grapes (white, black) 440 300
Beet 170

Handwritten signature: *John Doe*

SPORTS

Dallas Mavericks continue losing streak

NEW YORK, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — Things haven't changed all that much for the Dallas Mavericks.

Last season, their first in the National Basketball Association, the Mavericks had losing streaks of 12 and 15 games. This season, they were supposed to be a whole lot better. Supposed to be.

The Mavericks current losing streak has reached serious proportions. They are seriously challenging last season's marks of ineptitude. The Los Angeles Lakers 125-110 victory in Dallas was their eighth straight last night, but the loss was the 11th straight for Dallas.

"We played about as good as we are capable of playing in the first half yet we were down by 12," Dallas coach Dick Motta said. "We just got beat by a superior team ... they have a winning team ... the only thing that will stop them is if they self-destruct." Which seems to be what the Mavericks are all about.

Rookies Mark Aguirre, Rolando Blackman and Jay Vincent, the building blocks of the Mavs future, combined for 56 of Dallas' points, but as has been the case in the 1-12 season, they were simply overmatched.

In other games, the Indiana Pacers beat the New York Knicks 127-112. The Washington Bullets defeated the Golden State Warriors 107-88. The Atlanta Hawks nipped the Cleveland Cavaliers 94-92 in overtime. The Milwaukee Bucks beat the Detroit Pistons 103-95. The New Jersey Nets stopped the Houston Rockets 102-84.

While the Mavs continue to have all sorts of problems, the Lakers are red-hot, with Riley and co-coach Jerry West undefeated in three games since taking over for Paul Westhead. Kareem Abdul-Jabbar scored 25 points in just 26 minutes and

Jamal Wilkes added 19 points in 21 minutes as seven Lakers were in double figures.

The biggest question surrounding the Lakers is just how long Riley will remain the coach and if he's given the job permanently, how long West will remain by his side.

Pacers 127, Knicks 112

Johnny Davis, recently re-inserted into the starting lineup, scored 34 points and Louis Orr had a career-high 23, including seven in the final 1:35 after the struggling Knicks cut an 11-point deficit to three. New York, losers of five of six, was led by Maurice Lucas with 22 points and 20 rebounds.

Bucks 103, Pistons 95

Bob Lanier scored 14 of his season-high 24 points in the second half while Quinn Beckner added 24 and Sidney Moncrief 23. Detroit was led by John Long with 21 points. Piston Rookie Isiah Thomas, who had been scoring 21.8 points a game, missed 10 of his first 12 shots and was held to 17 points. The Bucks ran off an eight-point spree in the fourth quarter to win it.

Bullets 107, Golden State 88

Former Warrior John Lucas scored 24 points and had 10 assists and Rookie Jeff Ruland had 23 points to lead Washington. Obtained from the Warriors in October, Lucas enjoyed his best scoring night of the season in helping break his former teammates' five-game winning streak. The five-year veteran made 10 of 15 field goal attempts and did most of his scoring in the pivotal first and third quarters. Golden State got a team-high 15 points from Purvis Short.

Hawks 94, Cavaliers 92

John Drew, Eddie Johnson and Dan Roundfield scored as the Hawks, on a four-game winning streak, outscored the Cavs 6-4 in overtime. Cleveland lost a chance to win in regulation when \$700,000-a-year centre James Edwards missed a five-foot jumper with one second left. Rory Sparrow led Atlanta with 18 points and Mike Mitchell had 17 for the Cavaliers.

Nets 102, Rockets 84

Otis Birdsong scored 21 points to help the Nets break a three-game losing streak with their first road victory of the season. New Jersey had lost 11 straight on the road dating back to March. The Nets opened up a nine-point lead in the second quarter and stayed in control despite Moses Malone's 24 points.

Pacers 127, Knicks 112

Soviet men set to defend title at world gymnastics

MOSCOW, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — Soviet men are favoured to defend the team title tomorrow at the World Gymnastics Championships, but Japan and China should make it a battle for the first medals of the meet.

Optional exercises in six events will decide the contest, with both Asian teams hoping to use their formidable free-style skills to challenge the Soviets at the Olympic sports arena.

Japan was runnerup with 291.50 points and East Germany placed third with 290.20, closely followed by China with 287.00.

U.S. men, disappointed by low marks in the horizontal bar, parallel bars and floor exercises, were hoping to obtain fifth place, coach Abie Grossfeld said.

"The Chinese and German coaches said they thought all our gymnasts were marked too low in the horizontal bar, and I felt a couple of our guys were under-scored in the parallel bars and floor exercises," Grossfeld told the Associated Press.

He contended that Soviet bloc judges had showed bias in favour of the hosts and other East European teams in the compulsory.

"I think the Soviets will win.

They are a little more consistent than the Japanese. The Chinese should take the bronze if the judges mark correctly," he said.

The top six teams compete in one group, with the best five scores from the six-member squads counting for the final standings.

The Soviets defeated Japan for the team championship at the 1979 world championships in Ft. Worth, Texas, and the United States took the bronze medal.

East Germany was fourth and China, returning to world competition after two decades, was fifth.

Korolev, with a high mark of 9.90 and nothing less than 9.75, paced the Soviets to five of the top seven places in the individual point standings. Dityatin, the all-around title defender, was runnerup with 50.80, he was slightly handicapped by a leg injury.

Japan's top scorer, Nobuyuki Kijatani, was sixth in the compulsory and Chinese Aock Tong Fei and Lin Ning were ninth and 11th.

The three best Americans were Bart Connor in 15th, Peter Vidar in 27th and Jim Hartung in 29th.

The 36 best gymnasts in the team event qualify for the all-around finals Friday.

The Soviet women's team took the lead ahead of China and East Germany in the team compulsory today.

Swansea City suffers from World Cup blues

LONDON, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — Swansea City, newly promoted and the surprise success of the English soccer championship, is

suffering from World Cup blues.

Five Swansea players made the long trip to Tbilisi with Wales for a World Cup qualifying game against the Soviet Union. Wales was almost certain eliminated from the tournament and the Swansea men had a nightmare journey home, spread over two days and nights.

It has knocked the heart out of Swansea for the moment. The Welsh team crashed 0-4 to Manchester City last Saturday and was held to a 0-0 draw at home by Brighton last night. But although Swansea has slipped it is still very much in the title race.

Now British fans wait to see if manager John Toshack, former Liverpool star can lift his willing team and resume the challenge for the title. Swansea plays Birmingham City at home next Saturday and needs a win to restore confidence.

GOREN BRIDGE

BY CHARLES H. GOREN
© 1981 by Chicago Tribune

Neither vulnerable. South deals.

NORTH
♠ 62
♥ 73
♦ 7432
♣ AKQ53

WEST EAST
♠ Q75 ♠ J9843
♥ K1092 ♥ J65
♦ KQJ108 ♦ 96
♣ 2 ♣ J74

SOUTH
♠ AK10
♥ A Q84
♦ A5
♣ 10986

The bidding:
South West North East
1 NT Pass 3 NT Pass
Pass Pass
Opening lead: King of ♣.

Sometimes you can have too much of a good thing. Get rid of excess as fast as you can!

North's raise to three no trump was well reasoned. With a hand that rated to produce five tricks, his nine points were a lot better than many 11 or 12 point hands.

West led the king of diamonds, and the spots in clubs were unfortunate. Unless clubs were 2-2 or the jack of clubs was singleton, declarer would have to win

the fourth round of clubs in his hand and he would have no entry back to the table to enjoy the long club. It seemed that declarer might have to rely on the heart finesse for his ninth trick. But declarer found a far more elegant method to secure his contract.

Declarer allowed the king of diamonds to win the first trick and won the continuation with the ace. He cashed the ace and king of clubs in the hope that the suit would break or that the jack would drop, but neither happened. However, declarer did not mind. He simply led a diamond from dummy and discarded a club from his hand!

The defenders were helpless. West could cash his diamonds or not, as he saw fit. No matter what he did, declarer had nine tricks via two spades, a heart, a diamond and five clubs.

There are a few points of interest in declarer's technique. Note that it is necessary to hold up one round of diamonds. If you win the first diamond and then exit with a diamond later, you can be defeated if the suit breaks 6-1. Also note that it won't help the defenders to shift to a spade at trick two. Declarer wins and cashes the ace of diamonds, then proceeds as above.

England reaches victory target through 2 sixes

AHMEDABAD, India, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — England raced to an exciting five-wicket victory over India today in the first of the three one-day internationals of its current tour.

Set to score 157 runs in 46 overs, England reached the winning target off two consecutive sixes by former captain Ian Botham with two overs and a ball to spare.

When Botham came to bat England needed 31 runs from the five remaining overs and Indian captain Sunil Gavaskar placed seven fielders around the fence to restrict the scoring to singles.

The spread out fielding, however, did not check the aggressiveness of Botham, who tried to lift every ball over the fence and was dropped once by Randhir Singh.

After the poor batting of the Indian team, England had appeared headed for an easy win. However, the visitors lost four top batsmen when they had made only 61 runs.

Captain Keith Fletcher and Mike Gatting, however, stabilised the English innings with a 65-run fifth wicket stand. The partnership was ended by spinner Dilip Doshi who beat Fletcher with a ball that kept low.

Medium pacer Roger Binny, a last minute replacement for Kapil Dev, who is recovering from a torn muscle, wrecked the early English innings, taking the prized wickets of Graham Gooch, Geoff Cook and David Gower.

With some intelligent bowling, Doshi and another spinner, Ravi Shastri, succeeded in restricting England's run rate.

Pacer Madan Lal took the first wicket when he trapped Geoff Boycott, the most prolific English batsman so far in the series, leg-before-wicket for five.

Earlier in the day, the Indian batting collapse was stemmed temporarily by an elegant, 46-run knock of Dilip Vengsarkar.

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Perforated no.: B060828
Contact: Tel. 91490, ext. 416
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OPENING OF A BOWLING ALLEY
The management of the Royal Racing Club announces the reopening of the bowling alley at the club's former headquarters at the Royal Racing Club in Marka, as of the evening of Nov. 29, 1981, after refurbishing work has been completed.

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WORLD

Polish shopkeepers cancel strike but students go on

WARSAW, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — Shopkeepers fearful of angry consumers won official promises of better police protection and cancelled strike plans today, but thousands of oil workers, students and farmers remained on strike.

A spokesman for the shopkeepers said that all-night talks with government and parliament officials produced an agreement cancelling a threatened strike.

The shopkeepers apparently won better police protection and promises of quick responses to calls for help when angry shoppers besiege their stores.

Officials representing the shopkeepers told a news conference yesterday that at least three people had died during such incidents and that dozens had been beaten by shoppers angered by shortages of goods.

One clerk had died of a heart attack, another had been trampled and a third had died during an

U.N. vote shows support for Timor declining

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — The U.N. General Assembly yesterday passed a resolution favouring independence for East Timor by the smallest vote yet — 54-42 with 46 abstentions.

The result showed a gradual erosion of support for the Fretilin Independence Organisation and a gradual increase of backing for Indonesia, which annexed the neighbouring east half of the island of Timor in 1976 the year after Portuguese administrators fled amid civil disorders.

Portugal, Greece, Cyprus and Iceland were the only non-Communist European countries voting for the resolution in the assembly. The Soviet Union, China and Communist countries generally also voted for it, along with Iran, Vanuatu and many in Africa and Latin America. The latter included Brazil and Mexico.

Those voting against it included Indonesia, the Philippines, Singapore, Malaysia, Thailand, Japan, India, Iraq, Jordan, Syria, Kuwait, Bahrain, Oman, Qatar, the United Arab Emirates, Egypt, Sudan, Turkey, Australia, New Zealand, the United States, El Salvador, Argentina, Chile, Colombia and Uruguay.

In a rare division of the Soviet bloc, Czechoslovakia, Poland and Hungary abstained, as did Romania, along with Britain, France, West Germany, and other Western countries. Bulgaria, East Germany and Mongolia were among the absentees.

NATO thinks Moscow may endorse Zero Option

By Charles Lambelin

BRUSSELS, Nov. 25 (R) — Despite Soviet rejection, NATO diplomats believe Moscow may still come to accept the "Zero Option" missile solution offered by President Reagan.

But they think there is no chance Soviet negotiators will agree to bargain on a zero-level basis as an opening position when U.S.-Soviet arms talks start in Geneva next Monday.

The Zero Option, proposed by Mr. Reagan last week, would mean the scrapping of existing Soviet European-based medium-range missiles in exchange for the halting of NATO plans to deploy new U.S. missiles in two years' time.

The projected 572 new U.S. weapons would alter NATO capabilities radically by making it possible for the first time to hit key targets in the Soviet Union with midrange missiles based in Western Europe.

Rejection of the Zero Option will not mean deadlock or failure of the Geneva talks since the United States will not present it on a "take it or leave it" basis, officials said.

Washington's position, worked out with and backed by European allies, is to go down the reduction road as far as Moscow is ready to take up the challenge, they said.

Western Europe has a vital interest in the negotiations.

While previous U.S.-Soviet arms talks dealt with inter-continental systems — Strategic Arms Limitation Talks (SALT) — these will cover weapons which threaten Western Europe directly. The outcome will affect the size of NATO's controversial missile deployment plan.

Letter links Agca, Turkish right-wingers

ANKARA, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — A military prosecutor has produced fresh evidence linking Mehmet Ali Agca, who is serving a life term in Italy for shooting Pope John Paul II, to a right-wing Turkish political party, according to official court records.

Prosecutor Col. Nurettin Soyer submitted to a military tribunal a letter allegedly written by the "23-year-old" Turkish terrorist to Alpaslan Turkes, a retired colonel who headed the now-defunct Action Party.

Turkes and 219 members and supporters of the party are on trial in the Turkish capital on charges of "conspiring to overthrow" the regime and "provoking fratricide and manslaughter among the peoples of Turkey." If convicted, they risk the death penalty.

Col. Soyer told the court that the file also contains other documents showing the alleged relationship between Agca and military officials of the party.

Results of U.N. chemical gas probe inconclusive

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — A U.N. group of experts which visited refugee camps in Thailand says it was unable to determine if Soviet-produced chemical weapons have been used in Southeast Asia.

The four-man group of doctors and scientists, in a report to Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, said refugees told them stories of chemical attacks similar to those described in U.S. reports to the United Nations.

But they said the reported attacks "occurred several months earlier and consequently the group was unable to detect signs and symptoms which would be suggestive of exposure to chemical warfare agents."

The group's conclusions were made available to reporters in advance of release of the full report Tuesday.

The most recent alleged victims seen by the experts said that 23 days earlier they had "walked through an area contaminated by yellow powder." None of the usual physical effects of exposure to chemicals were found and blood and urine tests showed no abnormalities, the report says.

The United States, which says that chemical weapons have been used for at least five years in Laos and Cambodia, has given technical evidence to the panel. The administration of U.S. President Ronald Reagan says chemical weapons also were used again against insurgents in Afghanistan after the 1979 Soviet invasion but no evidence was supplied to support that allegation.

The panel, which had said it also wanted to travel to Afghanistan, Laos and Pakistan, said it had been able to visit only two refugee camps in Thailand and would like to make further investigations in areas where the attacks allegedly had occurred and where victims and witnesses are living.

U.S. military move against Sandinistas a possibility

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — A sharp swing to the left by Nicaragua's revolutionary government is raising the possibility of the first U.S. military action in Latin America since marines landed in the Dominican Republic 16 years ago.

High-level discussions about a possible military move in Nicaragua, U.S. officials say, have been accelerated in recent weeks after the Sandinista regime showed little interest in negotiating their differences with Washington.

Officials refuse to discuss the military options being considered but the strategy regarded as most realistic is a naval blockade to interdict Soviet-bloc weapons flows to Nicaragua.

But the stakes facing the administration are high. No official doubts that a decision to impose a naval blockade would touch off a wave of anti-American protests in Latin America, Europe and elsewhere.

U.S. callboys alleged to be security threat

NEW YORK, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — NBC news reported yesterday that federal authorities in Washington are investigating the sale of information that might enable foreign agents to blackmail highly-placed customers of male prostitution rings.

The report said one unidentified male prostitute whose customers, according to NBC news, included a congressman, diplomats and American military officers was "approached by Soviet agents and met with a Soviet colonel in Washington to discuss homosexuals in the government and in the military."

The report quoted the unidentified "call boy" as saying, "information is being collected, being systematically filtered to other places, not just the Soviets either."

The FBI declined to comment last evening on the report, which identified none of the alleged customers or agents.

The NBC report quoted "American intelligence sources" as saying that foreign intelligence agencies, including the Soviet Union's KGB, are "very active in making contacts with male prostitutes sometimes using agents who are themselves homosexuals."

Moscow allegedly trying to replace Afghan leader

UNITED NATIONS, Nov. 25 (A.P.) — The Kremlin has put out feelers about the possibility of replacing Afghan President Babrak Karmal with someone more acceptable to nationalists in Afghanistan and to that country's neighbours, Asian diplomatic sources report.

The sources, speaking to reporters privately and not for attribution, said Pakistan government officials had been approached through third parties to suggest to the Kremlin the names of Afghan political leaders who might achieve internal and international respectability.

The implication, according to the sources, is that a friendly, stable and internationally recognised regime in Kabul could provide the Soviets with a way out of the quagmire of protracted and costly military engagement that has derailed détente with the West and muddled Moscow's relations with the Third World.

The Asian sources said the

Pakistanis were unwilling to suggest specific candidates to replace Mr. Karmal, fearing that their endorsement would be a "kiss of death." Rather, the sources said Pakistan gave its idea of what attributes a potential Karmal replacement should possess. The Pakistanis are said to favour someone with solid credentials as a Muslim and nationalist — perhaps a former member of parliament.

"What the Russians are looking for is an Afghan," one of the sources remarked. He referred to Jamus Kadar, who took over as Hungarian leader after Soviet tanks crushed the 1956 Hungarian Revolution. Mr. Kadar went on to win international acceptance and a degree of popularity at home.

Pakistan's Deputy Foreign Minister Shah Nawaz told reporters the U.N. approach has cleared away much of the procedural impediments to negotiations, but the substantive issues remain to be tackled.

Bomb explodes at British army post in W. Germany following Hamburg blast

HERFORD, West Germany, Nov. 25 (R) — A bomb exploded at a British military base in West Germany today, causing slight damage but no injuries, just a day after a similar incident outside the British Consulate in Hamburg, a British military spokesman said.

The two kilogramme bomb went off at 0620 GMT in the Maresfield barracks, base of the Seventh Signals Regiment.

Three people in the building at the time escaped injury but one, a soldier, is being treated for shock,

he added. Damage was limited to one wall of the annexe and a few broken windows.

In yesterday's incident a 10 kilo device went off outside the consular building in Hamburg damaging the steps and breaking several windows, but the bomb in a red gas bottle failed to explode properly and no one was injured according to police.

A consulate spokesman said no one had claimed responsibility for either explosion.

WORLD NEWS BRIEFS

Shakespeare lauds U.S. propaganda

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25 (R) — The man picked by President Ronald Reagan to oversee U.S. radio broadcasting into Eastern Europe today endorsed an administration proposal to establish a U.S. radio station to beam news into Cuba. Frank Shakespeare told the Senate Foreign Relations Committee that if the new station was established, it should be set up on the lines of a local radio station to provide news about developments in Cuba not covered by the Cuban media.

Edward Heath to head spy set-up

LONDON, Nov. 25 (R) — Former British prime minister Edward Heath has said he would serve as head watchdog for a private intelligence agency set up to monitor the political and economic pulse of the world. Mr. Heath told a news conference he had accepted the post of chairman of the advisory council of the agency, called IRIS — International Reporting Information Systems. The agency, set up at a cost of about five million, intends to sell its information to businessmen and investors wanting detailed political and economic data and risk assessments on different countries.

3 kidnapped freed in Guatemala

GUATEMALA CITY, Nov. 25 (R) — Guatemala Health Minister Roqueleino Recinos, kidnapped almost three months ago, and two American nuns who disappeared last week were all reported freed yesterday. Informed church sources said the nuns, Jean Remier and Helen Lavalley, were unharmed.

Portuguese head pays homage to war

MAPUTO, Mozambique, Nov. 25 (R) — Portuguese President Ramalho Eanes has paid homage to Mozambican guerrillas who fought against him and other Portuguese soldiers in a bloody 12-year war for the East African country's independence. Gen. Eanes, on the first visit to Mozambique by a Portuguese head of state since independence in 1975, laid a wreath at a memorial to the guerrillas who died.

Moscow jewel frauds end up in jail

MOSCOW, Nov. 25 (R) — The staff in a Moscow jewellers' shop made more than half a million roubles (\$700,000) between them from a massive fraud, the newspaper Moskovskaya Pravda has reported. It said that over nine years they had regularly forged price tickets for expensive jewellery, selling it for 10 to 15 per cent more than the official price and pocketing the difference. The manager, named as Vladimir Prikhodko, was jailed for 12 years and six others were given various unspecified sentences.

THE Weekend Crossword

COMPOSITE
By Dorothy E. Shipp

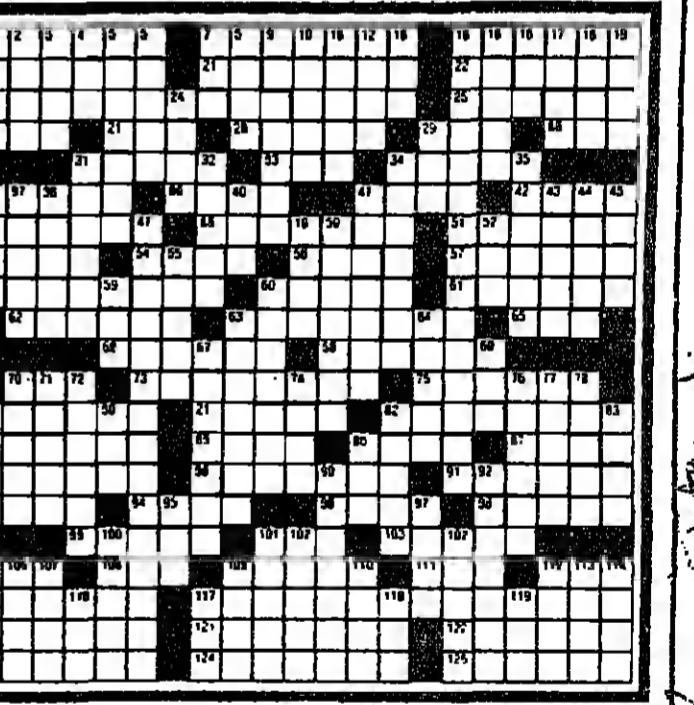
- ACROSS
- 1 Shipyard
- 7 Argues, in a way
- 14 Disagree
- 20 Glenn or Arthur
- 21 Horatio Nelson was one
- 22 Develop
- 23 Act as a chaperone
- 26 Ventilated
- 27 Defense post
- 28 Unyielding
- 29 Brass academy
- 30 Worth
- 31 Cockpit sights
- 34 Soliloquy
- 36 Relating to early morning
- 39 Author Walter
- 41 Nettle
- 42 Picaresque
- 43 Let behind as — among
- 44 Radical
- 45 Bontok village
- 46 Elsie
- 54 Unpolished
- 56 Sirens
- 57 Parts nullify
- 60 Particle
- 60 Religious representation
- 61 Lower
- 62 Give way, in a way
- 63 Took extra care of
- 65 Poetic contraction
- 66 Number of collected things
- 68 Wartime shelter
- 70 Wood sorrel
- 73 Smuggler
- 75 Figure of speech
- 79 "All the per, sum of —"
- 81 Soared
- 82 Amok
- 83 Rachel or Johnny
- 85 Killed
- 86 Spanish
- 87 Sledge
- 87 Casanova's cousin
- 88 Present at
- 88 Octogenarian
- 89 James and Jackie
- 90 Acherson or Rusk
- 94 Cougar
- 95 Excessive temperature
- 96 Bohemian and Panselle
- 99 Short and to the point
- 103 Ache
- 105 Salad ingredient
- 106 Stirve
- 109 Pago Pago's place
- 111 Marzipan
- 112 Pedicure item
- 115 Moves smoothly
- 117 Skin blemish
- 120 Correct
- 121 Mite mite
- 122 Move along
- 123 Uses effort
- 128 Slow musical
- 129 Analyses one

- DOWN
- 1 Electrical unit
- 2 Venus de —
- 3 Scandinavian name
- 4 British cathedral city
- 5 Dance in Salzburg
- 6 Kitchen amenity
- 7 Ethiopian
- 8 German river
- 9 Encompassing
- 10 Military play
- 11 Fragrant root
- 12 Fragrant
- 13 Canary
- 14 Complexion
- 15 Dispatch boat
- 16 And not
- 17 552
- 18 State with amphitheatre
- 19 Parched
- 24 Christlike
- 25 Calendar abbr.
- 31 Fuel
- 32 Borg, for one
- 34 Spanish
- 35 Tall
- 36 Title of Shakespeare
- 37 Far trader, once
- 38 Gumballs pin
- 40 Debonaire
- 41 river
- 41 Name
- 43 Blouse
- 44 adornment
- 45 Sibley
- 47 Mincing talk
- 48 Social marker
- 49 Jacob August
- 50 Cast out
- 51 waste
- 52 Hausman
- 53 Extreme
- 58 There, in
- 59 Lila
- 60 Fleed
- 62 Critical mark
- 63 Ledger item
- 67 Irritating
- 68 Term of endearment
- 70 Engage in
- 71 Can't ride
- 72 Playing
- 73 Trust
- 74 Latest event
- 75 Male or female
- 77 Character of
- 78 Encourage
- 79 Tootsie
- 113 Paris airport
- 114 — out (supplement)
- 115 Chick beetle
- 117 Depot abbr.
- 118 Previous id
- 119 Nov. and Dec.

Diagrams 18 X 18 by Susan Francis

- ACROSS
- 1 The
- 2 Chair
- 3 Relating to an office
- 14 Metal coating
- 15 Rip to shreds
- 17 Sile
- 18 Square column
- 20 Cornut
- 22 Woe —
- 23 Armin
- 24 Electrified
- 25 Tame white
- 26 Thaw
- 28 Savor
- 30 Stupid errors
- 31 Letter opener
- 32 Component
- 33 Payable
- 34 Lab burner
- 35 Mont
- 36 Snows refuse
- 40 Pie
- 41 Most obese
- 42 Treatise of
- 43 100
- 44 One — million
- 45 National
- 46 Thomas or Horace
- 47 Arranged in
- 48 stress
- 49 Onwards
- 50 Blind se —
- 51 Paper —
- 52 Light red
- 53 King Fr.
- 54 Time given for payment
- 55 Up light
- 56 Formerly, once
- 59 Occurring every 90 minutes
- 62 Porial
- 63 "Peer Gynt" character
- 64 Culture
- 65 medium
- 65 Vegetables
- 68 Egyptian deity
- 69 Lull
- 71 Part of a news story
- 72 Solitaire
- 74 Splendor
- 75 Takes it easy
- 76 Hangar on

Formerly The New York Herald Tribune Crossword Edited by Herb Etteson



- 1. Woman named "Polly Esther" claimed she was real person, not synthetic.
- 2. Concert critic said clariests are related to bassoons and oboes.
- 3. Men at party snubbed snooty, supercilious, snobbish, rich old maid.
- 4. Paley pattern really looks like once comma.

CRYPTOGRAMS

- 1. KWKMEUWGD Y SIEC WURK. NOW LW UH
- EXTRM WII DUE WI AKCKE WITFSUK KTRMG
- ALEOWK. — By Reba Dew
- 2. FLICI SLICTP PRUML SLICTP GRCL FLICI
- SLICTP D PRMIC. GREN LW. PHIEEW OPL
- SCWUP. — By E.I. Livingston
- 3. PYNKMIT JVGEOY AGEYOY JYNDUIT AGMU
- SGYX KDS FARENOU PYRX RIM FRIM AGDUY.
- By Lois H. Jones
- 4. HA FTRCFE LTTBJCL LTTJB STL HJIC JK
- SOLH. — By Earl Ireland

